NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

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We Nominate

MAC ARTHUR FOR SUPREME COMMAND

(Page 3)

Churchill Flop Paves Way for Pro-Communist Stafford Cripps

(See Page 7)

Was the Normandie Fire Accident or Sabotage?

STEEL SHORTAGE THREATENS NATION ★ WHAT THE FALL OF SINGAPORE MEANS ★ BIRTH CONTROLLERS GET RADIO TIME

Dinner Chat

A Week of Incidents

THE PAST week has been an eventful one around the editorial offices of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

It was a week filled with incidents.

Incident No. 1

An anonymous telephone caller undertook to question a switchboard operator at our printers about the personal habits of the editor and the contents of a forthcoming number of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

The call was switched to an officer of the company, and the telephone voice said:

"This is the United States Government, the F.B.I. speaking" . . .

The caller's questions were answered and an appointment made for the editors to meet the questioner at the printers' on Monday morning.

Although it was promptly ascertained that the call had not come from the Department of Justice, the editor and make-up editor kept the appointment, but the anonymous telephone caller failed to show.

Incident No. 2

SOCIAL JUSTICE was informed, over the same week-end, that another crew of Communist smear snoopers was in town.

We told Pete and Pal and went "on the alert," as the wartime phrasing has it, for further signs of their activity hereabouts.

When you're dealing with these "Commies" almost anything can happen, we've found.

It was not beyond the range of possibility that, trading on the entrenchment of Communist comrades in high posts of influence in our wartime Government, some of their field men might even make so bold as to pose — over a dial telephone — as F.B.I. investigators.

For many weeks, no issue of the Communists' *Daily Worker* has been complete that did not clamor for the suppression of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

Obviously, somebody is so afraid of what SOCIAL JUSTICE will disclose that powerful efforts to extinguish it are being made in many subversive quarters.

* * *

Incident No. 3

On Monday, while the editors were at the printers', a one-time agent of the Department of Justice now active in the Jewish Veterans' organization, and a "roving editor" of the *Readers Digest*, called at the office of this magazine.

In the absence of the editors, the visitors questioned workers in the circulation and business office about the editorial policies of SOCIAL JUSTICE. These young ladies, quite competent and busy with their own departments, obviously could not supply a satisfactory magazine interview.

* * *

"Looks for Trouble"

The roving editor of the *Readers Digest* was an "insider" in the early days of the New Deal. Newspaper men used to say among themselves that he had written this speech or that for Mr. Roosevelt.

A lyceum dodger says of Mr.—:

"Mr. — likes nothing better than trouble — and *wherever trouble is brewing, there you can generally find him* — digging out the facts, delving into the reasons, and pointing out the things that ought (*sic*) to be done."

Now, this commentator does not want to imply that our distinguished visitor was any party to, or even aware of the series of coincidences that prevented his meeting the editors of SOCIAL JUSTICE.

* * *

The big magazines have several times muffed some good stories about the national magazine, SOCIAL JUSTICE.

There was a good article—and nobody wrote it—back in the days of the National Union for Social Justice, when our modest little tabloid had a circulation close to one million a week!

Then there was another good magazine "piece" in our ambitious experiment with an illustrated rotogravure magazine, with one of the most distinguished lists of contributors writing for publication in America.—But, no "big shots" came out to Royal Oak to write it up.

There still is, perhaps, a story of some kind in our not-so-dramatic present routine of commenting editorially upon the news of the world; and striving—sometimes it seems almost alone —to keep the program of Christian social justice from being lost sight of in the hysteria of wartime.

* * *

We're sorry to have missed the roving editor of the *Readers Digest* and regret that he did not get an article on his visit to Royal Oak. On the other hand, he may have got one, independent of the editors of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine. So, one of these days, there just may be "something about SOCIAL JUSTICE" in the *Digest*.

The *Digest* has a big circulation, built on an expert "digesting" of our current literature. Of recent months, its tone has gone more and more leftward and pagan; if it is still honestly reporting the American literary scene, this indicates a most lamentable state of affairs.

America, printing another series of magazine appraisals, has this to say of the *Readers Digest*:

"*Readers Digest*. (circulation over 4,000,000). September, October. In this desperate world crisis, the *Digest* selected Bertrand Russel, notorious anti-moralist, to provide a godless philosophy in 'A Philosophy for You in These Times.' 'Clinics for the Childless.' Concerning this the UCOPRC reviewer (United Catholic Organizations Press Relations Committee) comments that such an article should not be published in a magazine for general circulation, and questions whether the *Digest* should be used in the schools. 'This Above All.' In this condensed novel, faith is made to appear irrational. Moreover, an unmarried girl has sinful relations with a soldier. She confesses to her father, a doctor, who declares there is nothing blameworthy in such relations. He 'laughs warmly' over the incident. Comments the reviewer: 'And this is considered fit reading for the American home'!"

We would regret to see the *Readers Digest* tricked, or made the "tool" of any un-American and anti-Christian smear *clique*.

To date, the hysterical yammering about SOCIAL JUSTICE being "anti-Semite," "fascist," or "seditionist," has been confined, almost entirely, to the columns of the Communist and Jewish press.

Doubtless it is to be expected that the Coughlin-haters—who, incidentally, are so often also Christ-haters—would not be satisfied permanently with this limited dissemination. Their well-financed propagandists of hate are certain to try and "plant' their familiar smear in the larger magazines.

Their failure to date has been most encouraging.

* * *

Incident No. 4

DETROIT, MICH., FRIDAY, FEB. 13 — Detectives of the arson squad of the Detroit police department today were starting inquiry into a $200,000 fire of unknown origin which swept the offices and plant of Arnold-Powers, Inc., Lafayette and Second Boulevard, in downtown Detroit, Thursday night.

The Arnold-Powers Company, a nationally known firm of advertising typographers, are publishers of the *F.T.D. News*, national florists' magazine; and are type compositors for SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

A night shift of printers and art department workers, just returned from supper, were startled by a crash of window glass, followed by a terrific explosion which filled the plant with flames.

The fire, which spread with startling rapidity and burned with intense heat, started in a vacant office next door to the art department.

When the first fire apparatus arrived on the scene flames were spurting from second floor windows along two street fronts.

Although the offices and printing plant resembled news pictures of blasted Coventry, morning found construction crews already at work.

No phase of production on this week's issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE was delayed on account of the fire.

Life in Royal Oak, a "city of trees and peaceful homes," and center of religious pilgrimages to its famous Shrine, does not "condition" its residents for such a series of incidents.

As we've said, somebody must be terribly afraid of the contents of your SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine!

For the editorial staff, it has been a week filled with the most disturbing incidents!

---

16 PRINCIPLES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Liberty of conscience and education. Just living annual wage.

Nationalization of important public resources.

Private ownership of all other property.

Control of private property for public good.

Abolition of Federal Reserve Banking System and establishment of a Government-owned Central Bank.

Restoration to Congress of its sole right to coin and regulate the value of money.

Cost of living maintained on an even keel.

Cost of production plus a fair profit for the farmer.

Labor's right to organize.

Recall of non-productive bonds.

Abolition of tax-exempt bonds.

Broadened base of taxation on basis of ownership and capacity to pay.

Simplification of Government and lower taxes.

Conscription of wealth as well as men in event of war.

Sanctity of human rights preferred to sanctity of property with Government's chief concern for the poor.

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Vol. 9 February 23, 1942 No. 8

Dear Frens:

Will ya kinda 'scuse me if I don't rite much this wk. Pal 'n I 'n a coupla blud houn's 'r on th' trale uv sumthin'.

Fill in th' kupon down below if y'r subskripshun is about t' ekspire; f'r I'm pretty shure we're gonna hav' sumthin' purty hot t' report.

See ya nex' week.

PETE.

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SOCIAL JUSTICE PUBLISHING CO., Royal Oak, Michigan

Comment

We Want MacArthur for Commander-in-Chief

ELSEWHERE it is suggested that J. Edgar Hoover be given plenipotentiary power over all civilian operations for the duration.

Here we urge the appointment of General Douglas MacArthur to the supreme command of Army, Air and Naval forces at home and abroad.

By coincidence Wendell Willkie made a similar proposal last week—one of the few worthwhile suggestions from that source in a long time.

Before the Middlesex Republican Club at Boston Mr. Willkie pleaded the case of bringing MacArthur home from the Philippines. "Then the people of the United States will have reason to hope that skill, not bungling and confusion, will direct their efforts," the Republican leader added.

"The day of phrase-making and showmanship for those in government is past," he said. "The time for petty political opposition and negation is over. This is the day for tough and resolute men; this is the hour for patriotic men.

"In the case of production and labor, the confusion has arisen from failure to appoint administrators. In the case of the State Department, we see our most respected department of Government gradually being destroyed by a process of nibbling at the authority of the administrator . . . all because this Administration did not know and has not learned by experience the basic principles of organization.

"We have the startling fact," he asserted, "that the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, no longer is completely entrusted with full authority in the handling and enunciation of the Government's foreign policy. In his place, Secretary of the Navy Knox has come forward as a ready volunteer.

"It is to be hoped that he (Knox) will hereafter confine his attentions to . . . fighting, and leave statements of policy in regard to other nations to our Secretary of State. The Country, irrespective of party and the world outside, has confidence in Mr. Hull. Mr. Knox is another matter even under censorship."

* * *

Mr. Roosevelt is an amateur naval expert. Until recently he was an advocate of the battleship at the expense of the bomber. The lessons of Crete, the Bismarck, and other naval disasters failed to impress him; failed to convince him that a battleship is nothing but a lumbering target for an air torpedo. Moreover, the President knows nothing practical about air battling and airplanes.

It is imperative, therefore, that he, a mighty politician, retire along with Churchill from the supreme board of strategy which these two gentlemen occupy to the exclusion, practically, of all others. To date, so it has been quipped, the board of strategy has been the board of tragedy — and will prove to be such unless a man of MacArthur's calibre is given the opportunity to save the day.

Australians are surfeited with the guidance emanating from London. So are the Canadians. So are the Dutch. So are the Chinese. So are the Russians.

Many Americans are apathetic, as it is termed, because of the bungling leadership which has characterized our war effort to date.

MacArthur's appointment would act as a tonic to all of us and supply the bond which could cement our unity in a victorious pursuit of the war.

Mr. Inefficiency and Mrs. Sabotage

THE 82,000-ton *Normandie* lies sprawled in the mud of the Hudson River—a victim, so we are told, of a workingman's torch.

It is more correct to say that it was a victim of inefficiency and bungling. Its cost, eight years ago, was estimated to be $60-million. Its replacement today might cost $100-million. Indeed, it may cost the United States the war if this country can't dismiss Mr. Inefficiency from office.

Ironical enough, Mr. Inefficiency was concreted, for example, in Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia.

It may be worth 60 or 100-million dollars to America to get rid of Mr. Inefficiency and his chief assistant, Mrs. Sabotage, before the Axis powers start pelting bombs upon San Francisco and Manhattan.

By this time persons are acquainted with the posthumous story appearing in the pink pages of *P.M.* That story revealed the fifth-columnistic attitude of the bosses in charge of readying the ex-*Normandie* for national service.

That story and additional testimony made by workers on the *Normandie* makes it hard for us to believe that the destruction of the ship was a mere accident. Analyze it how one will, it is a repetition of Pearl Harbor. It will be only one incident in a long litany of Pearl Harbors unless Congress cracks down on lackadaisical officials in Government and labor.

* * *

However one interprets the *Normandie* disaster, it is high time for Mr. Roosevelt to quit playing politics in this emergency. By that we mean he should cease appointing to office individuals who are pleasing to him because of their political faith and radical leanings.

Let him understand that all Americans are interested in saving this country independent of the fact that many of them have little or no use for Mr. Roosevelt's New Deal.

All of us are interested not only in winning the war but in saving this nation from an actual invasion.

All of us are interested in building up a morale established on a definition of Americanism which is wide enough to comprehend old dealers and New Dealers but not wide enough to submit to the leadership of hand-shaking Communists and Communist-lovers who persist in labeling everyone who takes exception to their methods and objectives as fifth columnists.

As for Mrs. Sabotage, it may take more than the destruction of the *Normandie* to put her where she belongs.

There are many ways to commit sabotage other than to destroy precious property. For example, it is possible to destroy national morale by appointing Mr. Hesselberg, alias Melvyn Douglas, to high office and by appropriating hard-earned national money to feather the nests of fan dancers.

It is hoped the *Normandie* will teach us a lesson. But we are not able to digest the story that it was an accident when we know the background of Mr. Inefficiency and Mrs. Sabotage.

Murphy to Ireland?

WILL the Administration commission Justice Frank Murphy to proceed to Dublin?

If so, will Justice Frank Murphy succeed in persuading President Eamon De Valera to accept the viewpoint current at Washington?

These are more than nebulous questions. In sheer desperation Mr. Roosevelt may send Justice Murphy to Ireland, but the "red"-headed New Dealer will not prove able for the task assigned to him.

Among the closest friends of President Eamon De Valera is Father Denis Fahey, author of *"The Mystical Body of Christ in the Modern World."* Close bonds of friendship exist between Father Fahey and Father Coughlin, of Royal Oak.

It is known that Justice Murphy's record long since has been in Father Fahey's hands; long since has been related to Eamon De Valera. For example, the Irish President probably knows by paragraph and sentence the notorious speech delivered by Mr. Murphy before a gathering of Jews at Yeshiva College. Practically every pronouncement made by Associate Justice Murphy in the vein of pro-Britishism, we assume, was transmitted to Ireland to complete the record of the potential emissary.

SOCIAL JUSTICE feels certain that Mr. Roosevelt will be unfortunate in his selection, should he choose to send Murphy to cat's-paw for the British; and Mr. Murphy will prove inefficient if he endeavors to modify the conclusions already arrived at by Mr. De Valera.

We make these statements even though it is anticipated that Mr. Murphy will be fortified with letters from dignitaries in and out of Government. In fact, the sending of Mr. Murphy—or one of his calibre—to Ireland was long since anticipated. And the Irish have long since been forewarned.

Comment

New Crisis Looms

THE swash-buckling word jugglers of yesterday have gone back-stage.

The glaring publicity of facts has melted the grease paint from their faces and penetrated the shabby cloth of their arguments to such an extent that they stand pallid and naked before the American public.

Claude Pepper, the bombastic ballyhooer from Florida, is an example.

General MacArthur has been abandoned because many of our airplanes are in Britain or Libya; because most of them are on blueprints in factories.

It is a fact that Punch-and-Judy Peppers —dancing on strings pulled by unseen manipulators—implemented our entrance into a world war for which we were unprepared. They boasted of our ability to blow Tokyo off the map in three weeks. They gloated in the wealth of our raw material, sufficient to guarantee an overwhelming supply of planes, tanks, bullets and ships.

But what are the facts? The February 7th issue of *Business Week* says we are in a new crisis. It is the crisis wherein the supply of materials sets definite limits to our production even of arms.

As yet, the public does not know the crisis exists. Soon it will dawn upon the man in the street when he realizes how short we are of essential materials, which shortage manifests itself in the bitter office battles engaged in by holders of A-1 priority ratings. Every day at Washington representatives of the airplane and the tank industries fight it out to see who will get preferences in aluminum, steel, rubber, tin and a dozen other essentials which are tragically scarce.

Soon the man in the street will analyze the short shifts being worked in important munition plants. He will ask why. He will be answered laconically: "There is a lack of material."

* * *

The above paragraphs are a paraphrase of *Business Week's* disclosure.

Shortage or no shortage of materials, we're in the war. This means that we, the American people, must be ruthless in demanding the expulsion of politicians from those offices which manage the war and manage the shortages.

While General MacArthur and his heroes languish on Bataan Peninsula, 10,000 union employes in the Ford bomber plant walk out on strike, thereby halting the production of airplanes.

Almost simultaneously, Mr. R. J. Thomas, President of the U.A.W., visits the White House to trade quips with the President of the United States.

Said Thomas: "Mr. President, I think the time has come when Mr. John L. Lewis is ripe for repeal."

Smilingly retorted the President: "I think you are right and a motion to re-commit him is in order."

This type of pleasantry is obnoxious to those who are serious about winning this war. R. J. Thomas should be on the sidelines instead of being in the White House because it was his organization that halted production of airplanes.

Business Week could have added to the story concerning a shortage of raw materials had its editors paralleled their piece with a second story dealing with the over-abundance of rotten materials — rotten in the ranks of labor leaders; rotten in the ranks of political leaders; rotten in the ranks of profiteering arms and munitions manufacturers and middle men.

Dare these things be exposed before a greater Pearl Harbor will be enacted at the Panama Canal, at San Francisco, at Detroit and elsewhere?

* * *

Some top-flight officials tell us we must invade Germany to overcome Hitler.

The United Nations cannot invade Germany unless they have a plenitude of fabricated steel. Last week scrap steel shortages were so flagrant that five mid-eastern steel companies entered the auto wrecking business to get material.

Last autumn the Government blueprinted the need of 154,000 freight cars by October 1, 1942. The production rate of 12,800 cars a month is down to 7,500 cars per month—because there is a lack of steel.

Last year we promised aid to the Soviet Union. That aid was not forthcoming according to the pledged figures because we lacked boat bottoms.

If we lack boat bottoms to send aid abroad; if we find difficulty in steering the cargoes of 200 ships to our Allies, how will we be able to build enough boat bottoms and steer the human cargoes in 2,000 ships for an invasion of Germany?

Meanwhile, President Philip Murray of the C.I.O. blamed scrap brokers for a shortage in steel. He claims they have hoarded enough scrap to make 2-million tons of steel.

From the 250,000 alley merchants who collect a ton or so a day to the big brokers who trade in a million tons a week, there goes up the chorus, "There's no money in scrap at the present prices." Therefore, they hoard their scrap.

So these junkies are in the war for a profit, while we Americans hardly broach the subject of essential shortages.

Of course, we expect no Hitlerian treatment of the junkies in this country, but we do expect them to disgorge even though it requires a Government tagent to choke the scrap iron out of them.

Index to Comment

A Week of Incidents ..... Page 2

We Want MacArthur for Commander-in-Chief; Mr. Inefficiency and Mrs. Sabotage; Murphy to Ireland? ..... Page 3

New Crisis Looms; *Chicago Tribune* Guilty of Treason? ..... Page 4

What Singapore's Fall Means to Americans ..... Page 5

Editorials: The Immortal Churchill; Long War or Short War; Thank You, Mrs. Roosevelt ..... Page 6

Cripps, Pro-Communist, May Replace Churchill ..... Page 7

They Want Marx to Win the War; Will the Soviet Bear Walk Out on U.S.? Page 8

Nations and States Accept Services of Outlawed Reds; Birth Controllers Get Radio Time; Parasites ..... Page 13

Congressman Appeals for All-Out Taxation ..... Page 14

The Week in the War ..... Page 15

The *Jewish Review* Asks for a Fight; Indispensable Hollywood ..... Page 18

Premier Hepburn Warns of Yellow-White Race War ..... Page 19

Have the Reds Got Us? ..... Page 20

Chicago Tribune Guilty of Treason?

REPRESENTATAVE Raymond S. McKeough, Democrat of Illinois, recently denounced an editorial appearing in the *Chicago Tribune* and charged Col. Robert McCormick, the publisher of the paper, with treason.

The *Tribune* had expressed the thought that "it is time that those who willed the war were driven from their hiding places to the front line where they can share the agony which they created."

Definitely, that statement does not fall within the definition of treason. It is just plain, common sense.

Representative McKeough, who according to the *Tribune*, saw no military or naval service in World War I although 29 at the time, said on the floor of the House of Representatives:

"I say that, in any other place, under these circumstances, the *Tribune* editorial would have no proper place in the high field and splendid service the newspapers of our country are rendering; but now that we are at war I challenge Col. McCormick's patriotism, and I say that that language, at this time, makes him subject, at least to thinking people, as being guilty of treason, and I so charge him.

"I hope his conduct will not be an example for the other newspapers of our country to follow, but on the contrary, that they will live up to their high traditions and protect their sacred rights of freedom of the press by not resorting to license, villification and the giving of comfort to the enemies of our government in Berlin, Tokyo, and Rome.

"It may have been perfectly defensible, I presume," McKeough said at another point, "in the eyes of Col. McCormick, prior to Pearl Harbor, to have satisfied his vanity, his great partisanship—yes, his hate of the commander-in-chief of our country's forces in the person of the President of the United States, Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

"But," he added, "I submit that this language appearing in a great newspaper—at least great from the standpoint of circulation, and I use the word great because of its circulation, and not because of any contribution that it has made to the welfare and progress and security of our beloved country—falls within the pastel shades of treason."

With the country at war, McKeough said that he had hoped that "even though Col. McCormick hated President Roosevelt," the colonel would "first of all remember that he was an American."

The following is the text of the editorial to which McKeough referred:

> Private Richard Graff, who was killed while fighting with Gen. MacArthur's forces in the Philippines, is the first of the *Tribune* family to die in action in this war. He had been with us for nearly 11 years when he enlisted a year ago last month.
>
> We mourn the loss of a conscientious co-worker, of a friend, of a gallant soldier. He will not be forgotten. The *Tribune* will honor his memory and, of course, will take whatever steps may be necessary to see that the widow is spared financial worry.
>
> Richard Graff, and like him, almost every other man who has given his life for his country in this war, had no part in the making of it. He did not will it. He did nothing to instigate it. He did not go roaring up and down the

(Continued on Page 19)

What Singapore's Fall Means to Americans

United States Must Concentrate Now on Defense of Continent

AT AN ADVERTISED cost of $400-million Great Britain fortified Singapore, making of that port the super-Gibraltar of the East. Situated most advantageously, Singapore's harbor was large enough to accommodate the entire fleets of both the British and the United States Navies. Its dry-docks were constructed to crib a 50,000-ton battleship. Huge 18-inch guns, pointing seaward, were designed to safeguard the port from hostile naval attack.

Back of all this was the determination on the part of both Great Britain and the United States to maintain the former's hold on India, to protect the territory of the Dutch Empire in the southwestern Pacific, to guarantee the safety of the Philippines and in general to prevent Japan's expansion.

At the time Singapore was designed, it was said that whatever power held the tip of the Malayan Peninsula ruled the East, including the Indian Ocean and the Suez Canal.

Now that Singapore has fallen, it will be a matter of only weeks before the Dutch East Indies, including Java, find themselves occupied by the "more modern" Japanese.

"More modern" is the correct description —at least in one sense. Britain strove to maintain her world empire through the physical means of a navy and the psychological instrumentality of diplomacy.

Before the World War II was well under way, it was evident to some observers that British diplomacy had met its Waterloo. Not one nation in the world—including the United States — failed to recognize that Britain's word was pledged to be broken. It was a word designed to be kept as long as it served British interests; designed to be broken when it served British interests.

* * *

World War II was not a year old before even casual observers realized the truth of this. There was the case of Poland whom Britain promised to help and failed to do so. There were the flagrant cases of Belgium and France whom Britain promised to support to the last man. She not only failed to abide by her pledge, but, having deserted her beleaguered friends, began to calumniate them. As a result, British diplomacy has descended to the nadir of its career. At the moment not one government in the world, save the United States, is inclined to trust Great Britain. Her former omnipotent diplomacy has been discovered to possess the feet of sordid clay.

As for the British navy, upon which the diplomats of London depended for their success, one is inclined to appraise it as obsolete, as less modern than the Axis air force. It was driven from Crete by German and Italian bombers. It evaded a contest before Singapore, fearing the same fate would befall its remnants which was meted out to the *Prince of Wales* and the *Repulse*.

Both Prime Minister Churchill, who promised aid to the British military at Singapore, and Sir Archibald Wavell, who attempted to direct affairs hundreds of miles from the scene of conflict, stand stultified before the more modern method of attack as represented by bombers which have won the day—at least temporarily.

It will be difficult to underestimate the significance of Singapore in world history. Possibly it will be referred to in years to come as a more decisive battle than Plassey because it will afford an opportunity for India to regain her freedom and compel China to reconsider the flimsiness of the ties which bind her to the white man's empire.

Unquestionably, if the Japanese possess even a modicum of diplomacy, Tokyo will be enabled to appeal with understanding not only to the oppressed and exploited billion or more Orientals on the mainland of South and Central Asia, but also to the millions of islanders who are so easily impressed by the psychology of face-saving and face-losing — a psychology which we Occidentals do not comprehend adequately.

* * *

While this account is being written, representatives from Vichy, Madrid and Lisbon are conferring to decide what steps will be taken by France, Spain and Portugal, now that Singapore has fallen. The practical question of self-preservation occupies the minds of these diplomats who are concerned not only with their European holdings but also with their colonial possessions—some of which are in the Orient. It is conceivable that Singapore's fall will force these three non-belligerents to abandon the British cause to the extent that they will negotiate openly with the Axis powers on the same principle that Britain and the United States negotiated openly with the godless Kremlin. For more than a year M. Petain has been playing the game of watchful waiting. Singapore will force upon him and the French people, whom Britain abandoned, the policy of collaborating with the Axis powers, come what may.

There remain Turkey, The Soviet Union and the British Isles to be considered in appraising the significance of Singapore. Probably, with the advent of spring, German troops will attempt to move through southern Ukraine; thence by way of the Crimea; thence through Georgia and Armenia into Iran and Iraq with the hope of consolidating these territories. After that, it is suspected, Berlin will push through the Levant States; thence through Palestine; thence to Cairo where the last remnant of the British Libyan army will be forced to "dunkirk" or surrender.

If this plan materializes it is probable that Istanbul will declare to the world the secret understanding the Turks already have with the Axis powers.

As for Moscow, one forecasts that capital's decision not only in relation to the fall of Singapore but also to the enigma of Vladivostok where hundreds of idle Soviet bombers have refrained from bombing Tokyo. After all, the Russians are Orientals. Even Stalin, a Georgian, is more Oriental-minded than European. Unfortunately, the Orientals have been taught by deeds, if not by words, that European and American Christianity was identified in some manner with the age-old oppression meted out to the Asiatics. While it is true that Christianity made considerable progress in China during the past century, it is likewise true that most Orientals entertain the opinion that the cross is too closely identified with the sword. Considering how the Soviet Union detests Christianity, there is more than a possibility of Moscow's coming to an understanding with the Axis powers — particularly after Hitler's spring campaign will have been evolved.

* * *

Then there is the case of Britain herself. To date English arms have suffered defeat following defeat. Despite all the glowing accounts of heroism cabled from London, there stands out the salient fact that more than 2-million English soldiers are encamped behind the cliffs of Dover with no thought of launching a vigorous campaign against Germany on European soil. Londoners, too, are impressed by the recent attitude of Australia, South Africa and Canada which are becoming more concerned with their own national safety than with the British Empire whose navy is more or less impotent.

Londoners, too, are aware that if India falls before the external onslaughts of the Nipponese forces and internal political intrigues, England will be reduced to a fourth class nation. Therefore, the question arises: Will the Churchill government, despite its pledges to Washington, attempt to negotiate a peace with the Axis powers in the hope of saving the remnants of Britain's empire?

As heretical as such a question appears to be, it is one which Americans should keep in mind as their Government dissipates ships, soldiers, armaments and money at the risk of leaving undefended their own country to become the target of world-wide aggression.

There are some who might interpret the above question in the light of defeatism.

Who are these people?

They are the former interventionists who persuaded us that a modification of the *Neutrality Act* was a guarantee of peace.

They are the former "all-aid-for-Britain" *clique* who blinded themselves to Britain's practiced policy of "dunkirkism."

They are the Union-Nowists who, emulating Benedict Arnold, would hand our nation over to the internationalists of London.

They are the radicals indoctrinated with Marxism who are more interested in the welfare of Moscow than in the preservation of Washington.

They are the idealists who accepted the findings of roving ambassadors—the same roving ambassadors who were so blind to the air power of Germany, to the striking power of Japan.

(Continued on Page 19)

Won't Know the Place!

BASING his opinion upon what he had seen happen in England, Victor Coen, a London barrister, told the Traffic Club of New England that changes in the United States will be so great *"you Americans will not recognize your country in another 12 months!"*

Being an informed Britisher, Mr. Coen ought to know.

Somehow, we're inclined to believe that maybe he does.

NATIONAL WEEKLY

Social Justice

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The Immortal Churchill

TO THE CREDIT or discredit of English democracy, the British people have retained Churchill in power, though defeats have piled one upon the other as never before in the history of civilization.

There have been naval reverses, greater than Britain ever suffered in her history.

There have been military debacles too great for words to describe.

There have been diplomatic annihilations almost without number.

And Churchill still strides as Premier upon the parliamentarian platform while England slowly bleeds to death.

It is appropriate to recall the words of Cassius who, speaking of Julius Caesar, said:

"Why, man, he doth bestride the narrow world,
Like a Colossus; and we petty men
Walk under his huge legs, and peep about
To find ourselves dishonourable graves . . .
Now, in the names of all the gods at once,
Upon what meat doth this our Caesar feed,
That he is grown so great? . . .
When could they say, till now, that talk'd of Rome,
That her wide walks encompass'd but one man?"

* * *

There never was an age when England did not boast of a multitude of capable men. Most likely they are there today—some of them languishing in menial office; others languishing in menial cells.

Although the English people are aware of Churchill's failure, they are impelled to hold onto his greasy coat tails as if eternity itself depended upon their floating from one defeat to another.

Although the English people blush because of Dunkirk, Crete, Hong Kong. Singapore and Libya, there must be some ultranatural power which darkens their minds and benumbs their wills, for they have chosen to be blind followers of a blind leader.

Nevertheless, this Colossus who bestrides the narrow world of England was elevated to his post by powers unseen in the twilight of democracy. He was not England's choice—the real Churchill. The choice the international bankers painted upon the canvas of men's imaginations was an abstract Churchill, an ideal statesman, an archangelic leader—all three of which he was not and is not.

We know upon what meat he feeds that he is grown so great. It is the meat of racial hatred cut from the carcasses of exploited millions, seasoned with the condiments of greed, dressed with the red sauce of internationalism and served on the platter of gold.

* * *

But while this Dives and his fat-jowled guests dined at the banquet table of imperialism, Lazarus and his emaciated brothers looked in vain for the crumbs of comfort and leavings of liberty long since denied them.

The immortal Churchill now faces a revolt. A revolt, if you please, fashioned not by voiceless Christians lead by mitred prelates as at Runnymeade; but a revolt compounded by ex-Ambassador to Russia, Sir Stafford Cripps who, if memory serves us correctly, was found to be too Red to be associated with the British Labor Party.

Recently Cripps said he abhors the thought of Communism's descending upon one-time Merry England. But who believes him? Associated with him are Leslie Hore-Belisha, Edgar L. Granville, Sir John Henry Morris-Jones.

All of this leads us to surmise that the devils, in conclave, have agreed to disagree with themselves. And what will happen inside the cup of the British Empire—the outside of which was made so clean for the world to observe?

What will the gravediggers of history find within the whited sepulchre of imperialism long since filled with dead men's bones? Only when the immortal Churchill will tumble as Blum did in France will these questions be answered.

And tumble he will if Premier Curtin of Australia and others in England will force the issue on a basis of real democracy with justice for all.

Long War or Short War?

PERHAPS, the battle of the Atlantic will be fought and concluded before a final military decision is reached in the Orient.

As the *United States News* puts it, our American armies will grow in size, our American factories will begin to roll weapons in volume at ever-increasing speed. If the Indies are lost, Australia will become the stronghold in the Orient, and from this base of operation, possessions won by Japan can be recaptured. The same publication says that if the battle of the Atlantic is won, the Allies can concentrate upon the Nipponese for a knockout in the Pacific.

However, the battle of the Atlantic cannot be won without an invasion of Germany; without supremacy in fighter airplanes, in bombers; without a well-armed, well-trained force of 10-million men.

Our original estimate that the war would last eight years still holds good provided Great Britain does not make possible a negotiated peace in order to save the remnants of her Oriental empire.

Meanwhile, no battle of the Atlantic will be won, no redemption of Japanese gains will be accomplished, unless efficiency takes the place of inefficiency at Washington. As David Lawrence remarks: "Can the Administration stand the scrutiny of an objective investigation?"

Mr. Roosevelt should not even answer that question. He should begin cleaning house immediately. He should realize that the people are still remembering Pearl Harbor. They remember that some officials at Washington concentrated the entire Pacific fleet at Pearl Harbor in such a manner as to make it a target for sudden attack. They remember that someone at Washington overruled the officers who condemned such a strategy. They remember too many unpleasantries associated with Pearl Harbor and the series of defeats consequent to it.

And now the people will remember the *Normandie*. They will remember La Guardia's inefficiency. And they will be forced to remember every day that a thorough-going Leftist—James Landis, dean of Harvard Law School—is in charge of civilian defense.

Why not appoint J. Edgar Hoover to take over the entirety of civilian affairs, including the Office of Civilian Defense? In him real Americans have confidence because he is an American without foreign ideological interests.

Thank You, Mrs. Roosevelt

WHEN Mrs. Roosevelt fulfills her promise to resign from the O.C.D. it can be said that nothing she accomplished during her tenure of office was as commendable as her departure from it.

The gracious First Lady now could demonstrate her patriotism further if she would agree to sit home and knit for the duration.

Cripps, Pro-Communist May Replace Churchill

Former British Envoy To Soviet Spreads Red Propaganda in America

IF ALL THE pro-Soviet propagandists in America and Great Britain were laid end-to-end, it would be a splendid thing for America and Great Britain.

What brings this observation to mind at this time is a series of syndicated newspaper articles by Sir Stafford Cripps, Britain's fair-haired boy of the Kremlin.

Until recently Sir Stafford was stationed at Moscow as the official British wooer of Bloody Joe Stalin. Having wooed well, if not wisely, Sir Stafford returned to London where he reportedly is being lionized by official society and touted as the next Prime Minister.

A London dispatch of the *Chicago Tribune* Foreign Service reports that with the fall of Singapore "the national alarm has challenged for the first time the undisputed leadership of Winston Churchill and the name of Sir Stafford Cripps is on everybody's lips."

Thus the British people, tired of unfulfilled promises of victory, apparently are ready to substitute a domestic brand of Soviet efficiency for Churchillian ineptitude.

Make no mistake in gauging Sir Stafford Cripps. If he is not a member of the Communist Party it is only because he has not bothered to sign his name on an application blank — or whatever one does to join the party. It may be that Sir Stafford realizes he can be of greater help to "the cause" by remaining technically an outsider.

For in his heart—if his actions and words mean anything — he is pro-Soviet through and through.

* * *

The skeptical can clear up any doubts in the matter by reviewing some of the Red gentleman's utterances.

Pleading for closer co-operation and deeper understanding between the Soviet, the United States and Great Britain, Cripps said in the second installment of his newspaper series that "the Soviet has declared again and again with all sincerity that it does not want to interfere with the internal conditions of other countries."

Sir Stafford—to give him his due—is not 100 per cent wrong in that statement. Certainly the Soviet has declared it does not want to interfere with the internal conditions of other countries. But Sir Stafford loses 99 per cent when he inserts the words "in all sincerity."

Unwilling to concede that Sir Stafford is a hopeless imbecile, we naturally suspect that he knows as well as we do that the Soviet has no intention of confining its Bolshevism to the present U.S.S.R.

When we read statements like Sir Stafford's we sometimes wonder whether such persons can really be innocent — having never heard of Soviet aggressions, of the plans for a Red world revolution, of the Communist International — or whether they actually are the diabolic liars they appear to be.

If their attitude is due to innocence born of ignorance they should be mercifully committed to a home for the feebleminded, where loving care and constant medical attention might restore their mental equilibrium.

* * *

Sir Stafford continues in his article to extol the godless regime of Stalin in these words:

"Beyond demonstrating by the force of successful example the need for world change in the economic system, the Soviet Union has no intention of interfering either in Europe or elsewhere with forms of government of its neighbors."

And further on he deplores the fact that Christians want to erect barriers against the inroads of atheistic Reds. There is no Communist menace, he says.

"We must put aside once and for all the 'Red bogey.' Surely it has become perfectly plain why Adolf Hitler and his associates so sedulously fostered 'fear of Bolshevism.' It was his policy to weaken the combination against him. It was his greatest 'fifth column' effort to sow dissension among his political enemies. He was the fount and origin of all the propaganda for the last 10 years, and it very nearly succeeded."

So Communism and all it means is just a myth created by Hitler!

Isn't it a shame that Pope Pius XI was "taken in" by the Hitler propaganda when he warned the faithful of his Church to beware of atheistic Communism because it is intrinsically wrong?

Isn't it distressing to learn that the Communist Parties operating in the various nations of Europe, Asia and America have been figments of Hitler's imagination?

More gems from the pen of Sir Stafford: "The Russians ask no country outside the Soviet Union to become Communist and we ask none within the Soviet Union to desert Communism for any other political creed. We are not going to work politically or economically against one another as suspicious rivals attempting to weaken or sabotage political enemies . . .

"Upon one major central point of European reconstruction there will be agreement. The Soviet government has said 'never again' — never again must Europe and the world be subjected to such an agony of war. It must be put out of the power of Germany to repeat the aggression of 1939-41 . . .

"We must somehow convince each other that we will not interfere with one another's affairs in the future, directly or indirectly.

"Let us leave rival theories to prove their own success or failure before the judgment seat of world opinion and let the best man win . . .

"Perhaps the war has taught us to be less opinionated about the virtues of our own political system and more tolerant of what we consider defects of others . . ."

Obviously something has taught Sir Stafford to become highly opinionated about the virtues of the Soviet system. He openly admits his admiration for Communism and appreciates the fact that the Soviet Union will be the dominant power in Europe if the Allies defeat Germany.

But that's all right with Sir Stafford. His only suggestion is that Great Britain have "a share in" the reconstruction.

With Sir Stafford in the saddle as British Prime Minister there is no doubt as to what pattern the reconstruction would follow.

Cripps Paper Assails British War Office

SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS, recent British ambassador to the Soviet Union, is an editor-director of the *Tribune*—an English Liberal weekly.

That paper said, according to the *New York Herald Tribune:* "A bus driver is sacked if guilty of negligence, a company promoter is jailed if he loses his shareholders' money for lighthearted speculation; but a general or air marshal is promoted or transferred if he loses the lives of thousands of men, sacrifices materials worth millions of pounds and imperils the safety of the nation."

Continues the New York paper: The title of the *Tribune's* editorial is "War Office: Architects of Defeat," and its criticism is, perhaps, the bluntest and most cogent that has yet been directed publicly at the Churchill government.

"We waited five months," the editorial says, "for the Army of the Nile to be equipped for the offensive. It was given all the weapons that have made their mark in this new war.

"For the first time we met the Germans at least equally well armed and equipped. Those were the Prime Minister's words ten weeks ago when he expected a decision within a matter of hours. With all these favorable auguries we have suffered another telling setback.

"We enjoyed mastery of the air with a considerable margin on our side. We had the initiative. We concentrated superior armed forces at the scene of battle. We had the advantage of naval support. The Imperial forces fought with courage and endurance. And yet we failed to attain our objective.

"At last the real issue is clear. For years the incompetence of generals, of air marshals, of the War Office mind have found refuge behind the lame excuse of inadequate equipment resulting from labor's pacifism in the years before the war. And now they have had their chance. They have had their chance to prepare. They had the best soldiers that can be found anywhere. They had the equipment they demanded. They had mastery of the air, of the sea and superiority of numbers at the decisive moments. And they lost.

" 'They' is the War Office and Ministry of Defense—Churchill, the strategist of the war, and Capt. David Margesson, his welfare officer."

The editorial criticized vehemently the prevailing methods of army training which, it claimed, had resulted in an army morale far worse than that of the civilian population.

"The continuance of the War Office misrule," it said, "remains thus the outstanding scandal of the Churchill administration. It remains the prime obstacle to reform inside the army. It has gone past the stage when one can successfully tinker with its structure.

"The French Revolution had its Carnot; the last war produced a Lloyd-George; the Russian Revolution, a Trotzky, and we have Captain Margesson. Could fate be more unkind?"

Comment

They Want Marx To Win the War

THE COMMUNISTS are not only fighting a war in Europe. They are working to sell Communism to America. Soviet leaders in the United States are very anxious to use the conflict as a means to accomplish their ends.

Recently a letter was sent to national leaders by the American Council on Soviet Relations. This letter states that "A great contribution toward this national and international unity is the clearing up of confusions about the Soviet Union."

The letter is signed by Corliss Lamont, son of the well known Thomas Lamont, partner of J. P. Morgan and Company. Young Lamont has been an active Communist sympathizer for years. His father joined arms with him recently at a Soviet rally in Madison Square Garden.

He has written many atheistic words in behalf of the Soviet system. In 1935, the Naval Intelligence Bureau listed him as a "fringe revolutionist" and described such agitators as those who are "too lacking in intestinal fortitude to go all the way with Communism, but stand by and urge the Communist to do his worst and provide him with protection, sympathy and defense, while he commits the overt act they have not had the courage to commit themselves."

In *Who's Who*, Lamont lists many of his pro-Soviet works and activities. He has recently become popular with some of his father's friends since Russia entered the war.

With the letter is enclosed a brochure listing the program of the Council. One notes that pictures of President Roosevelt, Josef Stalin and Harry Hopkins are displayed. Other photographs show Averill Harriman and Molotov at the conference table. Statements in praise of Russia by President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill, Lord Beaverbrook, Ralph Ingersoll (P.M.), Walter Lippman, and Former Ambassador Joseph Davies are printed.

All through the letter and enclosure one sees the fine hand of Soviet propaganda to sell this country on Communism. The Council says that its program is to aid in "dispelling the ignorance and prejudice about the U.S.S.R."

It took a cue from the President's religious liberty statement by informing the reader that Russia had "30,000 religious societies, more than 8,000 churches and 60,000 priests." They must have made a census of the concentration camps and graveyards for the priests. The churches are not buildings where religious services are held.

* * *

The Council is using the Soviet technique of not being too far out in front. It says of its work:

"These local groups (American Council on Soviet Relations) do not attempt to develop a large membership but are made up of committees of influential people in each community who understand."

The Council expects its local chapters to fill the newspapers with letters praising Communist Russia. They say: "Through these local Councils it is proposed, among other things, to develop a campaign of letter writing to the local press stressing the need of aid to the U.S.S.R., exposing local appeasers, correcting false statements about the U.S.S.R., etc.)"

Maybe that will explain why so many pro-Soviet letters are now appearing in many of the daily papers. It is a directed campaign from Communist sources to take over the "letter columns" of the papers.

Here is a paragraph as to what the Council is doing:

"The Council works not only with its own groups, but with other special groups, i.e., labor, youth, scientists, educators, women, religious groups, etc. It arranges national tours for its leaders and runs a speakers' bureau. It arranges special radio broadcasts, and services radio programs with speakers on subjects pertinent to its program. It organizes meetings of its own in special issues, and services other organizations. It publishes pamphlets and leaflets for the furtherance of its educational program. Its research committee stimulates experts to make special studies and organize conferences relating to American-Soviet affairs and developments within the U.S.S.R."

It is, no doubt, well financed. They have quite a program of putting over the Soviet case to the American people.

We are being given propaganda in every war communique from Russia. They are trying to sell this country with their achievements which sometimes do not jibe when one checks an atlas.

* * *

Lenin and Stalin both have said that a world-wide war would bring Communism the opportunity for a world-wide Communist revolution .They are working on just that.

It is worth checking our enemies within while the American armed forces are fighting enemies without.

These enemies are trying to sell us Communism. They were willing for an alliance with Hitler when it suited the purpose of Russia. They opposed American war effort when Stalin and Hitler were friends. They picketed the White House until Russia and Germany went to war.

Americans, don't forget the Communists are here not for the aid and protection of the United States. Their interest is the triumph of Soviet Russia and a victory for Communism.

Will the Soviet Bear Walk Out on U.S.?

THE ABOVE question is disconcerting not only to the *Daily Worker* crowd but to all the Jewish magazine editors, to the entire staff in the Secretary of State's department, to the chieftains of the C.I.O. and to all others who pledged to support an all-aid-for-Russia program.

Boake Carter tenaciously clings to the idea that the Soviet Union will walk out on the United States.

SOCIAL JUSTICE has always contended that Naziism and Communism are only two species of Marxism. As such, they will eventually unite against capitalism and Christianity.

And SOCIAL JUSTICE saw through the Soviet Union trick from the beginning and was opposed to our Government's supporting Stalin.

Now the foreign editor of the Scripps-Howard papers, William Philip Simms, prints an article captioned: "Russia's 'Help or Else' Hint Annoying to Washington."

Here is what he says:

"Hints from diplomatic sources that Russia eventually may drop out of the war unless she gets more help from the United Nations are causing anxiety not unmixed with irritation, here (Washington).

"Similar reports that China's efforts may lag, unless the United States and Great Britain extend prompt aid, have met with a somewhat different reaction.

"Russia, diplomatic observers in London suggest, may halt her advance at the German frontier—in the event she pushes the invaders back that far—and ask the Allies to open a second European front before trying for the knockout.

"The rather unpleasant implication is that Russia make a separate arrangement with Germany.

"In the case of China, her spokesmen have asked for, and received, the assurance of large loans from the United States and Britain. The House yesterday agreed to advance her half a billion dollars. Britain will let her have $200-million. The money is to help China carry on her war against Japan. In asking for the loans, however, the Chinese began by saying that, loan or no loan, they would go right on fighting.

"Russia is reported dissatisfied with the aid she is getting from the United States. Both the quantity and the type of material received so far have proved disappointing.

"That U. S. aid to Russia has lagged is not denied here. But, it is pointed out, there are numerous reasons. An obvious one is that two months ago war descended on the United States itself, necessitating certain shifts of material from one part of the world to another. But insofar as some of this went to the Pacific, Russia profited from it quite as much as the United States. For if Japan wins in the Far East, Russia stands to lose Eastern Siberia.

"If comparisons are in order, it is observed, Russia would seem to be much better supplied with war material than the United States. In 1939 only two countries in Europe were armed to the teeth—Germany and Russia. At that time, Russia said she was perfectly prepared to wage a successful war against any power or group of powers. She said her army was not only the largest but the most highly mechanized on earth."

* * *

Will the *Daily Worker* turn an editorial flip-flop some time around July 4th if and when its Moscow masters order it to do so?

Will the Jews in America, who refuse to condemn Communism and all-aid-for-Russia, continue along their same line as expressed in Jewish magazines?

Will certain Christian ecclesiastics insist upon rationalizing the morality of helping Russia with our left hand and using our right hand to thumb our noses at Communism?

Or, does Josef Stalin plan to have America politically softened by July 4th to such an extent that we will have been Marxianized before we realize it?

No one wants to set the date of July 4th as the specific time when the red and brown shirts will amalgamate. All we know is that Stalin is displeased with the United States and Great Britain. We know it from Sir Stafford Cripps, ex-Ambassador from Great Britain to Moscow, who dogmatically asserts that such is the case. We know it from Moscow's orders preventing planes leaving Vladivostok to bomb Tokyo.

Perhaps William Bullitt knows the same story. If he does, diplomatic reasons prevent his disclosing it.

What will happen to the all-aid-for-Russia *clique* in this country when the story breaks and the fact is publicized?

Solutions Must Be Mailed at or Before Midnight, Feb. 28

CONTEST CLOSING

You Still Have Time to Get in and Strike for Fortune

Thousands In Cash Prizes – to 311 Readers – In Only Few Days

FINAL IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

IF YOU HAVE NOT YET ENTERED

If you are not yet a participant in the great "AMERICANA" Contest, this is your Last Call to action. You are not yet too late to enter — and win. Not at all. All you need do is fill out the composite coupon on this page. Be sure to fill in solutions to ALL 50 PUZZLE-PICTURES. Then mail it with your remittance of $2.50. But, be sure to have it post-marked at or before MIDNIGHT, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28. If post-marked after that hour, it will be too late.

IF YOU ARE ALREADY ENTERED

If already a contestant, it is now up to you to complete your set of solutions so as to qualify for the big prizes.

By now you should have sent in your solutions to the first 20 puzzle-pictures. The last weekly pair, No. 19 and No. 20, appeared in our paper last week.

By now, you should have remitted at least $1.00, unless you have paid in full, $2.50. If the latter, then you send no more money, but you MUST complete your set of 50 solutions.

So, if you are up to date, start today with Picture No. 21. Set down in the composite coupon your solutions to Pictures No. 21 to No. 50, inclusive. Mail with your balance of $1.50. DO NOT REPEAT YOUR FORMER SOLUTIONS.

If you have fallen behind, just fill in the composite coupon from where you left off — if you remember. Then send it in with a remittance of five cents for each solution. DO NOT REPEAT FORMER SOLUTIONS.

If you cannot remember where you left off, we advise you to start all over again; work out the solutions to all 50 puzzle-pictures and send them in with a remittance of $2.50. These will be your solutions which we shall consider for the prizes.

THEY'RE STILL WAITING FOR YOU

GRAND PRIZE	$1,500.00
Second Prize	1,000.00
Third Prize	500.00
Fourth Prize	400.00
Fifth Prize	200.00
Six prizes of $25.00 each	150.00
100 prizes of $10.00 each	1,000.00
200 prizes of $5.00 each	1,000.00
311 Cash Prizes	$5,750.00

HOW ABOUT YOUR FRIENDS?

Under the Contest Rules a contestant may submit only one set of solutions. But, then, there are your friends. We think that, if you will bear in mind one of the main purposes of our great "AMERICANA" Contest, you will "go out into the highways and byways" and bring a friend or relation into the contest "fold."

What we are striving to do is increase the national circulation of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine. As you know, every contestant has the privilege of having the magazine sent without further cost for four months to some friend or acquaintance NOT NOW TAKING THE MAGAZINE. Therefore, if you get a friend or relation to enter the Contest during these final days, you not only are giving that person a chance to strike for personal fortune, but you are tending to spread more widely throughout our country the principles for which we are contending.

The longest day must have an end — and so must SOCIAL JUSTICE contests. But, it is not true that the dearest friends must ALWAYS part. Especially not when 311 of our friends will, in a few days, receive thousands of dollars in cash prizes as winners in our "AMERICANA" Contest.

But, your time to enter and win is almost up — almost, but not quite. The Last Hour, the "deadline," has been set at—

Midnight, Saturday, February 28

The envelope containing your entry and your solutions to the 50 Contest pictures appearing in today's SOCIAL JUSTICE must be post-marked at or before that hour — Midnight, Saturday, February 28.

So, you have no time to lose. BUT YOU HAVE $1,500.00 TO WIN! No reason whatever why you should not win that Grand Prize as easily and readily as any other person in the Contest.

It is not WHEN you enter the Contest that counts. It is HOW you solve the puzzle-pictures after you DO enter.

So, see to it during these last days that you participate in this most interesting competition for fortune. The pictures are surely not too difficult for you, now, are they? Why, they are quite easy. But, look out. They're not TOO easy. After all, this is a Contest, you know.

That's what will make it interesting for you — and, at the end, $1,500.00 can be yours as well as that of any other man or woman, boy or girl in the great Contest.

Of course, in order to win, you MUST enter. That goes without saying. Your great opportunity is here now. All 50 puzzle-pictures await your solution.

Solve them. Set down your solutions in one of the big coupons. Send that coupon in with your remittance of $2.50. Wait only a few days. Then, the winners will be announced.

STRIKE TO GET YOUR NAME AT THE TOP OF THE LIST!

$1500.00 COULD BE YOURS FOR A FEW HOURS' WORK!

Picture No. 1

1. Washington
2. Tunney
3. Sherwood
4. Lindbergh
5. Waite
6. Landis

Picture No. 2

1. Mississippi
2. Ball
3. Missouri
4. Monroe
5. Montana
6. Minnesota

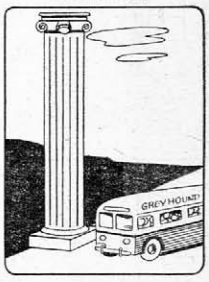
Picture No. 3

1. Brickley
2. Hugo L. Black
3. Tyler
4. Stimson
5. Highland Park
6. Ohio

Picture No. 4

1. Billings
2. Harper's Ferry
3. Buchanan
4. Altoona
5. Gettysburg
6. Arkansas

Picture No. 5



1. Boston
2. Buskirk
3. Buster Keaton
4. Columbia
5. Columbus
6. Grayson

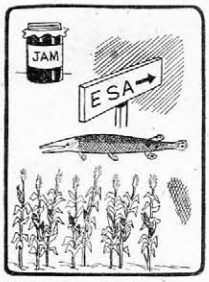
Picture No. 11

1. Glassboro
2. Cape Girardeau
3. Mulkeytown
4. Hattiesburg
5. Ashtabula
6. Cape Hatteras

Picture No. 12

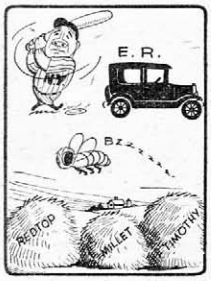
1. Rosecrans
2. Rose Pastor Stokes
3. Roosevelt
4. Union Springs, Alabama
5. Fielding H. Yost
6. Eugene Field

Picture No. 13



1. Harrison Fisher
2. Hamilton Fish
3. Frances Perkins
4. Iowa
5. James A. Garfield
6. Fisher Ames

Picture No. 14

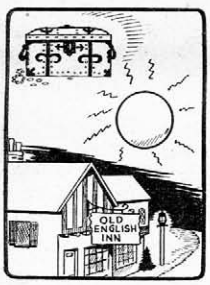


1. Carter Glass
2. Rutherford B. Hayes
3. Sinclair Lewis
4. Raymond Gram Swing
5. Lowell Mellet
6. Hanford McNider

Picture No. 15

1. Sherman
2. Sheridan
3. MacArthur
4. Grant
5. Gary Cooper
6. Summerall
7. Funston
8. Randolph

Picture No. 21



1. Indianapolis
2. Hutchinson
3. Sun Valley
4. Kidd's Fork
5. Humphrey Bogart
6. Clark Gable

Picture No. 22

1. Archibald MacLeish
2. Sumner Welles
3. Boys Town
4. Arrowhead Springs
5. Mississippi
6. Missouri

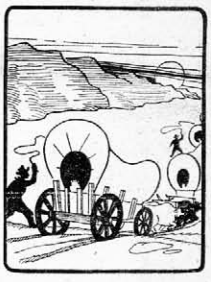
Picture No. 23

1. Wheeling
2. Wheeler Springs
3. Rectortown
4. Anaconda
5. Ann Arbor
6. Spokane
7. Annville
8. Callaway

Picture No. 24

1. Iowa
2. Louisiana
3. Colonel E. M. House
4. Hugo L. Black
5. LaGuardia
6. Houston

Picture No. 25



1. Oregon
2. West Point
3. Wagon Wheel Gap
4. Prairie View
5. Traveller's Rest
6. Trenton

NOT YET TOO LATE TO USE THIS COUPON AND WIN A BIG PRIZE!

CONTEST MANAGER, SOCIAL JUSTICE, Royal Oak, Mich.

Following are my solutions to all 50 puzzle-pictures of the "AMERICANA" Contest, if I am entering now, or to my remaining puzzle-pictures, if I have already entered. I certify that I have abided by all Contest rules and regulations. I am remitting at the rate of 5c a picture.

I am not repeating any of my former solutions.

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Picture No. 11 ☐	Picture No. 12 ☐	Picture No. 13 ☐	Picture No. 14 ☐	Picture No. 15 ☐
Picture No. 16 ☐	Picture No. 17 ☐	Picture No. 18 ☐	Picture No. 19 ☐	Picture No. 20 ☐
Picture No. 21 ☐	Picture No. 22 ☐	Picture No. 23 ☐	Picture No. 24 ☐	Picture No. 25 ☐
Picture No. 26 ☐	Picture No. 27 ☐	Picture No. 28 ☐	Picture No. 29 ☐	Picture No. 30 ☐
Picture No. 31 ☐	Picture No. 32 ☐	Picture No. 33 ☐	Picture No. 34 ☐	Picture No. 35 ☐
Picture No. 36 ☐	Picture No. 37 ☐	Picture No. 38 ☐	Picture No. 39 ☐	Picture No. 40 ☐
Picture No. 41 ☐	Picture No. 42 ☐	Picture No. 43 ☐	Picture No. 44 ☐	Picture No. 45 ☐
Picture No. 46 ☐	Picture No. 47 ☐	Picture No. 48 ☐	Picture No. 49 ☐	Picture No. 50 ☐

My Name Is _____

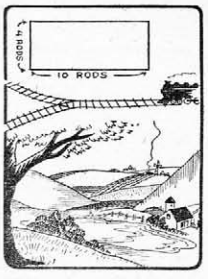
My Address Is _____

City or Town _____ *State* _____

Picture No. 31

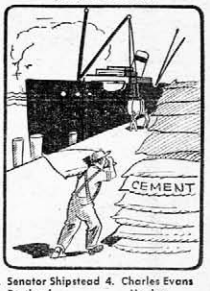
1. Maine
2. Horace Greeley
3. Danville
4. Harold Bell Wright
5. Idaho
6. Omaha

Picture No. 32



1. Rod Wanamaker
2. Rudy Vallee
3. James J. Hill
4. Sidney Hillman
5. Arthur Vandenberg
6. Marshall Field

Picture No. 33



1. Senator Shipstead
2. Portland
3. James Buchanan
4. Charles Evans Hughes
5. Paul V. McNutt
6. Victor Moore

TO WHOM SHALL WE SEND THE MAGAZINE?

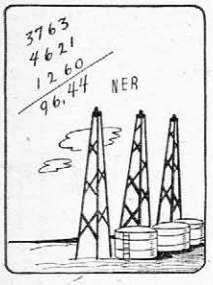
Every duly qualified contestant in our "AMERICANA" Contest is, under the Rules, entitled to have SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine sent for four months' trial to a friend or relation who is NOT NOW SUBSCRIBING TO THE MAGAZINE.

We request that you give due care to the thought that your friend who is to receive the magazine for four months is NOT a subscriber as of February 1, 1942 However, do not worry too much about this. If you should make a mistake, you will NOT be disqualified as a contestant.

Please use the coupon over to the right in sending in the name of the person you wish to receive SOCIAL JUSTICE.

ALL 50 CONTEST PICTURES ARE AWAITING YOUR SOLUTION

Picture No. 6

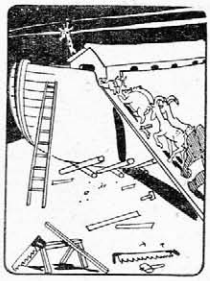


1. Orson Welles
2. Charles Sumner
3. Figarden
4. Oil City
5. Nebraska
6. Sumner Welles

Picture No. 7

1. Henry W. Longfellow
2. Henry Clay
3. Henderson
4. Chickamauga
5. Chickahominy
6. Claypool

Picture No. 8



1. Arkansas
2. Arkadelphia
3. Newark
4. Shippenville
5. Carter Harrison
6. Sheboygan

Picture No. 9

1. Lyons Falls
2. Nettleboro
3. Boys Town
4. Prophetstown
5. Daniel Webster
6. Sterling City

Picture No. 10

1. Charles J. Bonaparte
2. Horace Greeley
3. Napoleon
4. Leonardsburg
5. Hillsboro
6. Sun River

Picture No. 16

1. Eugene Lyons
2. Donald Nelson
3. Lionel Stander
4. Frank Knox
5. Josh Billings
6. William Randolph Hearst

Picture No. 17

1. Knox
2. Monroe
3. Custer
4. William Henry Harrison
5. Ticonderoga
6. Oglethorpe, Georgia

Picture No. 18

1. Mare Island
2. Maryland
3. Colton
4. Beaver Dam
5. Horse Creek
6. Horse Bend
7. Helmetta, New Jersey
8. Tombstone

Picture No. 19

1. Hartford
2. "Man Mountain" Dean
3. Butte
4. Ethel Barrymore
5. Salt Lake City
6. Cowpens

Picture No. 20

1. Prairie du Chien
2. Covington
3. Canton
4. Baton Rouge
5. Admiral Byrd
6. Bird Island

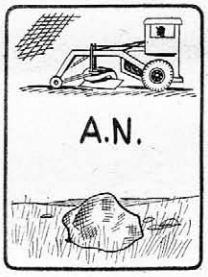
Picture No. 26

1. Nettleton
2. Tennessee
3. Baltimore
4. Ohio
5. Pennsylvania
6. Ocean Park

Picture No. 27

1. Burton K. Wheeler
2. Lucille Ball
3. Frank Walker
4. Middletown
5. Homestead
6. Massachusetts

Picture No. 28



1. Annapolis
2. Harlan Stone
3. Little Rock
4. Mattapan
5. Anderson
6. Anniston

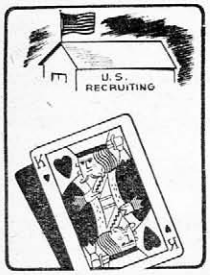
Picture No. 29

1. Stillwater
2. Stillwell
3. Hilltown
4. William Henry Harrison
5. William Howard Taft
6. Henry Ward Beecher

Picture No. 30

1. Chickamauga
2. Donald Nelson
3. Oswald Garrison Villard
4. Thomas F. Bayard
5. Chattanooga
6. Harry Hopkins

Picture No. 34

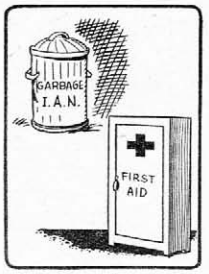


1. Lewis Cass
2. Charles Bonaparte
3. Rufus King
4. Hartley Manners
5. Richard Olney
6. William S. Hart

Picture No. 35

1. Shoshone Falls
2. Bill Shirer
3. Carl Schurz
4. Richard Wallenstein
5. Huey Long
6. Raoul Walsh

Picture No. 36



1. Swanee
2. Illinois
3. Delaware
4. Penobscot
5. William Julian
6. Canadian

BE SURE TO ENCLOSE THIS ONE

CONTEST MANAGER, SOCIAL JUSTICE, Royal Oak, Michigan

Please send, without cost, SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine for four months' trial subscription to the person whose name appears below.

I understand I am entitled to this as a contestant in your "AMERICANA" Contest.

Name of Your Friend _____

Address _____

City or Town _____ *State* _____

Your Own Signature _____

YOU HAVE MANY GOOD FRIENDS GET ONE TO ENTER CONTEST NOW!

CONTEST MANAGER, SOCIAL JUSTICE, Royal Oak, Mich.

Following are my solutions to all 50 puzzle-pictures of the "AMERICANA" Contest, if I am entering now, or to my remaining puzzle-pictures, if I have already entered. I certify that I have abided by all Contest rules and regulations. I am remitting at the rate of 5c a picture.

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Picture No. 46 ☐	Picture No. 47 ☐	Picture No. 48 ☐	Picture No. 49 ☐	Picture No. 50 ☐

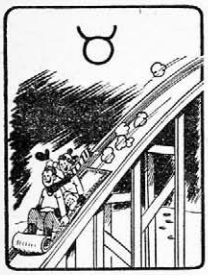
My Name Is _____

My Address Is _____

City or Town _____ *State* _____

ANYBODY CAN WIN A CONTEST IN SOCIAL JUSTICE MAGAZINE

Picture No. 37



1. Tecumseh
2. Pontiac
3. Bullrun
4. Bunker Hill
5. Rochester
6. Pittsburg

Picture No. 38

1. Camp Custer
2. California
3. Calhoun
4. Casper
5. Seneca Falls
6. Chicago
7. Carlisle
8. Carberry

Picture No. 39

1. Walter Damrosch
2. John N. Garner
3. "Stonewall" Jackson
4. Stony Point
5. Walter Reid
6. Mary Pickford

Picture No. 40

1. Jacksboro
2. Birmingham
3. Tampa
4. Denver
5. Albuquerque
6. Kansas City

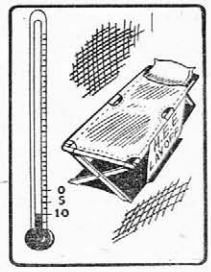
Picture No. 41

1. Warren G. Harding
2. Marshall Field
3. Cotton Mather
4. South Dakota
5. Memphis
6. Orestes Brownson

Picture No. 42

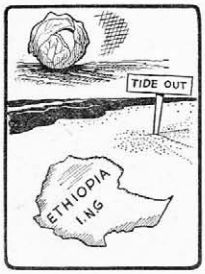
1. John D. Ryan
2. Henry Ford
3. Joe E. Brown
4. Watertown
5. Benny Goodman
6. Excelsior

Picture No. 43



1. Lancaster
2. Coldwater
3. Glastonbury
4. Oliver Wolcott
5. Chillicothe
6. Carter Glass

Picture No. 44



1. Caleb Cushing
2. Alexander Ramsey
3. Hugh S. Legare
4. Maplewood
5. Tidewater
6. Ebensburg
7. Mapes
8. Mappsville

Picture No. 45

1. Schenectady
2. Bison
3. Buffalo
4. Yakima
5. Arthur Hornblow
6. Noel Coward

Picture No. 46

1. Wistful Vista
2. Van Buren
3. General Nelson Miles
4. John Hancock
5. Peoria
6. Sacramento

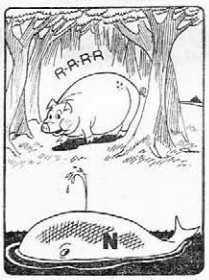
Picture No. 47

1. General von Steuben
2. Nashville
3. Richmond
4. Thomas Francis Meagher
5. Bismarck
6. Henry Hudson

Picture No. 48

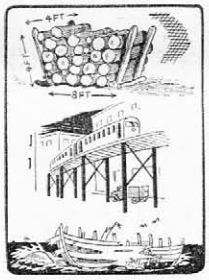
1. Missouri
2. French Lick Springs
3. Diamond Point
4. Montana
5. Mississippi
6. Atlanta

Picture No. 49



1. Hamilton Fish
2. Cape Cod
3. James Hogg
4. Fremont Older
5. Grover Whalen
6. Whitefish

Picture No. 50



1. Ken Carpenter
2. Cordell Hull
3. Ironwood
4. Leonard Wood
5. Harrison Fisher
6. Logtown

WATCH THIS

1. The task of the contestant is to select what he or she considers the best or most appropriate title for each puzzle-picture, taken from the suggested titles beneath the picture. There is only one correct, best or most appropriate title, predetermined before the puzzle-picture appears.

2. The correct title to each puzzle-picture can be determined from one or two considerations: (1) the general characteristics of the picture as representing or depicting what the title represents, (2) pronunciation of the names of outstanding objects appearing in the picture or the things characters say.

Rules of the Contest

1. The "AMERICANA" Picture-Puzzle Contest is open to all readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine, except home office employes or members of their families.

2. The Contest shall consist of 50 puzzle-pictures based upon the names of prominent American statesmen, legislators, soldiers, business men, playwrights, columnists, actors; or the names of states, cities, towns and rivers of the United States. It shall run for 12 consecutive weeks, beginning December 8, 1941. Two puzzle-pictures shall appear each week for 10 weeks, and all 50 puzzle-pictures on the 11th and 12th weeks.

3. A Grand Prize of $1,500.00 will be awarded by SOCIAL JUSTICE to the contestant returning the best or most appropriate solutions to the 50 puzzle-pictures and otherwise complying with the rules. Contestants submitting the next best or most appropriate solutions shall be eligible for the additional prizes in the order of their correctness.

4. In order to qualify as a prize-winner, the contestant is required to send in ten cents in coin (not stamps) with each pair of puzzle-picture solutions, or a total of $2.50. The entire $2.50 may be sent in one remittance. For these remittances the contestant shall have the privilege of having SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine sent for four months without cost to any person designated by the contestant.

5. We cannot take into account solutions without signed names or addresses. Neither can claims to their ownership be recognized. We cannot be responsible for coupons arriving unduly late or lost in the mails. By entering the contest the contestant agrees to accept as final the decisions of the judges as to procedure and final outcome.

6. Should one or more ties arise, a number of prizes will be withheld equal to the number of contestants tied. Such ties will be broken by tied contestants, upon notification, submitting ideas and suggestions for puzzle-pictures similar to but not identical with those of the contest. These will be judged by the editorial and art staffs of SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine on the basis of clarity, accuracy to subject matter and puzzleization, and prizes awarded accordingly. In event of final ties duplicate prizes will be awarded.

7. Do not decorate coupons. Neatness will NOT count.

8. Any inquiry, the reply to which could not affect outcome of the contest, will be acknowledged.

9. A contestant may submit only one set of solutions.

10. The publisher reserves the right to increase the cash amount of prizes or to offer bonuses for promptness during progress of the contest.

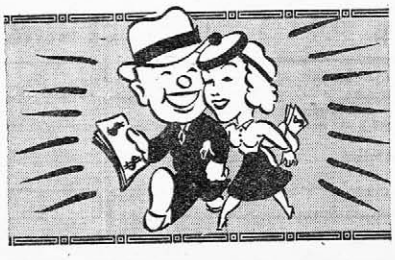
Address All Contest Mail To:

Contest Manager, Social Justice

Royal Oak, Michigan

REMEMBER THE "DEADLINE"

Saturday Midnight, February 28th



Comment

Nation and States Accept 'Services' Of Outlawed Reds

COMMUNISTS are barred by the United States Civil Service Commission from holding Federal office.

In recent months, four Federal agencies —the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the commission's own investigating division, and Army and Navy intelligence services—have been busy making exhaustive inquiries into the Communist background of numerous prospects for civil and military appointments.

But President Roosevelt and the governors of six states have officially welcomed the co-operation of the Communist party to participate in the nation's war activity, reports a staff writer of the *New York World Telegram* (Feb. 6).

"President Roosevelt, in a letter to the Ohio Communist party signed by his secretary, Marvin H. McIntyre, welcomes with 'deep appreciation' the pledge of 'patriotic support' by the Communists.

"This was revealed by the *Daily Worker*, official organ of the Communist party, which, until Russia's invasion June 22, called this a 'fake' and 'imperialist' war and bitterly fought the national defense program, selective service and aid to Britain.

' ' '

"In addition, six state governors—Herbert H. Lehman and the chief executives of Indiana, Wisconsin, Missouri, Arizona and Colorado—have sent formal messages of appreciation, accepting the offers of support and loyalty made by the Communist Party organizations of their states.

"New York's *Devaney Act* is interpreted by the state as barring Communists from state, county and municipal office. However, when Israel Amter, state Communist chairman, offered the services of all Communists and Young Communists to the governor as head of the state government as well as the State Defense Council, Mr. Lehman replied:

" 'Please accept my thanks. I appreciate your generous offer of co-operation, of which I will not hesitate to avail myself if the opportunity offers.'

' ' '

"A four-column headline in the Communist *Daily Worker* (Jan. 1) announced:

" 'Colorado Governor lauds Communist expressions of fealty to war.'

" 'I don't understand everything I hear,' replied Governor Ralph L. Carr to a letter announcing 'the loyal intentions and ideas of the Communist Party of Colorado.'

" 'I had been led to believe that you were not loyal to our country and to our American scheme of life. Your expression of fealty in a time such as this goes far in dissipating that idea.'

"Governor Forrest C. Donnell of Missouri wrote that the Missouri Communists' pledge of 'complete loyalty and devotion' was 'greatly appreciated.'

"Wisconsin Governor Julius P. Heil was 'very well pleased' with the pledge of that state's party.

"Governor Sidney P. Osborn of Arizona sent a bread and butter note of thanks, adding, 'There will be work for every willing hand.' And Governor Henry F. Schricker of Indiana thanked Imogene Poston, that state's Communist chairman, 'for your good letter of Jan. 7.' He added, 'I shall be pleased to call on you for special duty at the first opportunity.'

"So far as the *Daily Worker* files are concerned, three governors failed to respond to their state Communist organizations. They were Dwight Green of Illinois, Harold Stassen of Minnesota and Culbert L. Olsen of California."

Birth Controllers Get Radio Time

THE BIRTH controllers have inched their way into the radio field.

Father Coughlin may not broadcast because he is "controversial." But the pagans may broadcast, though they are anti-Christian.

The Illinois League for Planned Parenthood—formerly the Illinois Birth Control League—used the United States mails (Feb. 3) to circulate the following form letter:

"Dear Friend:

"Good news! and *IMPORTANT NEWS!*

"On Wednesday, January 28th, for the *FIRST TIME* two programs of the Birth Control Federation of America were carried on national radio networks. The Columbia Broadcasting System (485 Madison Avenue, New York City) devoted the time from 3:15 to 3:30 Eastern Time to a talk by Professor Henry Pratt Fairchild.

"The National Broadcasting Company (R.C.A. Building, New York City) from 9:30 to 10:00 p.m. Eastern Time distributed a talk by Julian Huxley, Pearl Buck, and Alan Valentine through:

Station WENR Chicago

"To encourage a repetition of such informative programs and to overcome any criticism which may be voiced by the opposition, WE NEED YOUR HELP.

"Please write Station WENR congratulating them. Address your letter to the program director, Station WENR, 222 West North Bank Drive, Chicago.

"And, MOST IMPORTANT, we hope you will also write *to express your appreciation to either the N.B.C. or the C.B.S.* (or both!) for their great public service in carrying these programs, and advise them of your interest in additional broadcasts.

Yours very sincerely,

ILLINOIS LEAGUE FOR PLANNED PARENTHOOD

(Mrs. Stanley G. Harris)

President, Board of Directors"

Beneath Mrs. Stanley Harris' signature there is imprinted upon the stationery of the Illinois League for Planned Parenthood these words:

"Contributions to the League are Tax Exempt. Affiliated with the Birth Control Federation of America."

' ' '

And these people definitely are influencing legislation in many ways.

As far as Christians protesting, there are several things to do: (1) Demand a congressional investigation of the Birth Control Federation of America insofar as it influences legislation; (2) Protest to the Columbia Broadcasting System, the National Broadcasting Company and Station WENR, Chicago, for offending the ears of Christian America with this atheistic propaganda.

Why are we Americans fighting this war? Merely to gain an economic victory over Naziism? To insure the permanency of the radicals in power at Washington?

We're being told we're fighting it for the preservation of religion.

If the President is honest in his assertions, let him realize the birth controllers of America are anti-Catholic and more dangerous than any fifth columnist; more subversive than any out-and-out Communist.

Every Christian should protest immediately against this national social abuse.

Parasites

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT is, customarily, so accurate in his use of words that it was somewhat of a surprise to David Lawrence to see the Executive limiting his definition of "parasites" to the "negligible number of persons who come to Washington for the social side of things."

The dictionary defines "parasite" as one who "lives on the patronage of others."

"The few who come to Washington for social reasons have money enough of their own," Mr. Lawrence observes. "It is not they who are crowding Washington.

' ' '

"The congestion comes because hundreds of thousands of political employes were brought in during the last eight years under the New Deal concept that the Government owes everybody a living . . .

"Even now when the American people are being asked with all the emotion that a war background can command to buy defense stamps, give up automobiles and sugar and what not, the Federal Government has not made any appreciable cut in non-defense expenditures. The reason is that the political patronage idea is too firmly fixed in the mind of almost everybody here from the President down. To lop off office holders might offend this or that political group and nothing must be done, of course, to offend the political groups. It's much easier to make the public believe that Washington is full of do-nothing rich. It makes the headlines and *diverts attention from the real trouble in the national capital* . . .

' ' '

"Thus, for example, there isn't the slightest excuse for the $1-million or more of money now spent to give high salaries to the biggest collection of lawyers the national capital has ever seen in any one unit, namely the anti-trust division.

"When competition has been killed by war pooling and when the Government itself is fixing prices, it would seem that the same sized staff which kept America from suffering the evils of anti-trust crimes in 1936 or prior thereto would be adequate and the war production board and the Army and Navy could use those same lawyers to handle the public's interests in the awarding and allocation of the billions of dollars of contracts for armament.

"Instead, it so happens that the anti-trust division—thinking it must earn its pay—is carrying on a campaign of persecution and is harassing the top men in American industry at a time when the Government is demanding all-out effort for war."

Comment

Congressman Appeals For All-Out Taxation

A GENEROUS and sympathetic response to our suggestion of taxing the stay-at-homes has come from our readers.

The broad principle of "if conscription of men, then let us have conscription of wealth" makes sense to the factory worker, the farmer, the parents and relatives of the boys who are risking limb and life in defense of the country.

We reiterate that it is unreasonable for movie actors, munition makers, merchants, financiers, tycoons in transportation and communications and professional men to acquire profits over their living needs while the best blood of the nation has sacrificed its jobs and its health in defending the profiteers.

Incidentally, it is ethically contradictory to witness the $10,000 a year Congressman voting for conscription, for war and imponderable debts, but exempting themselves from the taxable brackets.

Representative Clare Hoffman of Michigan voiced such thoughts on the floor of the House of Representatives when he spoke as follows:

"Conceding the truth of what the gentleman from Illinois has said, that it was a great moral wrong for the Japs and the Germans and for Hitler and the rest of them to do the things they did, there is something else that is wrong, and it is right here at home.

"A week ago Wednesday, in the little town of Hamilton, in my home county, a young man whose brother was lost in the Philippines came up to me and, in substance, said, 'How come that my brother had to die without the things that were necessary to make a fight?'

"You can talk all you want to about the wrongs that other rulers or other nations have committed—and I agree with you on that—but how about this wrong, this criminal act of sending our men to die without means of defense? That is a wrong—a crime for which we are to blame — a situation which never again must occur. That boy said to me, in substance, how come that the fighting planes and the bombers and the ships were not provided to aid my brother in making his fight for his country? How come they were over in the other, the Eastern Hemisphere? And did I have an answer? No. There was no answer. Except the one that we had sent the fighting planes, the bombers, the destroyers to aid Britain.

* * *

"In the days to come, when all those who have so much to say about the necessity and the advisability of fighting right away, of sending an A.E.F. at once, learn that they are not going to get tubes and tires and automobiles, you listen to the squawking, and the loudest squawk will come from those who advocated immediate war, and that without thought of preparation. How is it that today the newspapers, the editorial writers, and the columnists want us to go here and there and all over, when they know we have nothing to go with? Look back over their files and their records, and you will find that those are the newspapers that have opposed every bit, every piece of pension legislation. They opposed vigorously the payment of the soldiers' bonus. They gave us hell for giving the veterans a bonus. They are willing to make veterans, but they are loath to provide for them or their dependents.

"I hope this Government of ours cracks down to the bitter end in its drive for victory. I hope we take away the tires and the tubes and the automobiles and the chewing gum and the cigarettes and the beer and the whisky and a thousand other things we do not need and use the savings for guns and ammunition and all the things the soldiers need."

(A Voice from the Floor: "Not the whisky.")

Mr. Hoffman. "Yes; the whisky. Why let some drink themselves drunk while others die? Take away the luxuries, too. People count them necessities, but we do not need them. Take them away until this war is brought home to every mother's son of us, until every last one of us begins to pay.

"Dig up that old bill I offered long ago to tax the salary of a Congressman 35 per cent, and see what you have to say about it. I know it is not popular and I know it will not get me any votes next November, either, but long, long ago I advocated giving a piece of this war to everyone. And if that pie is made of sawdust, instead of some juicy fruit, let us all have a piece—and be made to eat it. This is our war. I hope the first to lose their tubes, their tires, their automobiles, their cocktails, and their dinners down at the swank hotels will be the Senators and the Congressmen. I should like to see them go back and eat a little cornmeal mush and a baked potato without butter or even milk gravy. I should like to see, and it is going to be my purpose as far as I can to try to see that every red cent which we appropriate goes for the boys who are doing the fighting, and to see that we who stay here at home do not squawk too much over something that does not hurt us.

"Let us go back to that man who, when someone complained about his shoe pinching, said, 'Well, brother, that is all right, I feel sorry for you, but you notice I do not have any legs.'

"That is the kind of spirit we should have, coupled with a willingness to sacrifice willingly and gladly that the boys who die fighting for you and for me may have every single thing they need. That all those who are not hurt, who only think they are, quit squawking and think of and act for the men who are doing the fighting. To support the fighting men wherever they may be is the cause to which I propose to dedicate my services."

* * *

Possibly our readers are bored to death in having written hundreds of letters to Washington without having obtained adequate results.

There is one more letter to write. It is a letter to your Congressman demanding the conscription of all profits to such a degree that not one person in the United States of America will have more than $5,200 a year net, personal, as long as this war lasts. And that includes the Congressmen's salary.

If 'Private' John Allen Were in Congress Today

WHAT Congress needs today, besides a few more real statesmen and patriots, is a better sense of humor.

Having magnanimously voted themselves a pension at a time when the nation is demanding curtailment of non-defense spending, some Congressmen took umbrage when West Coast practical jokers began collecting old odds-and-ends for a Bundles for Congress campaign.

If "Private" John Allen were alive he probably would have enjoyed the spectacle.

Allen was a Mississippi Congressman in the generation after the Civil War.

According to Champ Clark in his book, *"My Quarter Century of American Politics,"* an excerpt of which appeared recently in the *St. Louis County Leader* and was reprinted in the *Congressional Record*, "Private" John Allen was one of the six greatest humorists ever elected to the House.

In his first campaign for Congress Allen was opposed by the incumbent, General Tucker, who had served the South gallantly in the Civil War. One night they spoke at the same political rally.

Clark relates that the General closed his speech as follows: "Seventeen years ago last night, my fellow citizens, after a hard-fought battle on yonder hill, I bivouacked under yonder clump of trees. Those of you who remember, as I do, the times that tried men's souls, will not, I hope, forget their humble servant when the primaries shall be held."

The narrator interposes that that was a powerful appeal in those days. Allen was "on the spot." But he came through nobly.

"My fellow citizens," Allen began, "what General Tucker says to you about having bivouacked in yon clump of trees on that night is true. It is also true, my fellow citizens, that I was vidette picket, and stood guard over him while he slept. Now then, fellow citizens, all of you who were generals, and had privates to stand guard over you while you slept, vote for General Tucker; and all of you who were privates and stood guard over the generals while they slept, vote for Pvt. John Allen."

Buying a War

TO THOSE who think that the United States is not doing its part toward the winning of this World War let me call attention to the fact that while Great Britain, with 500-million people, has appropriated $33-billion for war purposes, your Congress has appropriated more than $26-billion for the Navy alone; that with a population of 131-million, we have appropriated $104-billion toward the war effort and national defense; and that, for lend-lease alone, we appropriated $19-billion.

The United States has given the warring nations, principally Great Britain, more than half as much as Great Britain has appropriated during the whole war.

—Representative Clare Hoffman of Michigan

Comment

The Week in the War

Great Britain:

THE biggest news of the week, aside from the long-expected fall of Singapore, was the battle of Dover Straits.

Three of Germany's mightiest warships slipped out of French drydocks and steamed the entire length of the English Channel. It was the first time in 100 years that an enemy dared so boldly to defy the entire gauntlet of Britain's mighty ships, shore guns and air fleet.

News dispatches of the terrific battle recount that the R.A.F. lost 42 planes and the German ships escaped in the fog to home ports in the North Sea.

The Churchill government, already under fire for its succession of Dunkirks, reeled under the new blow. Three prominent members of the Liberal Nationalist party quit the wartime coalition and announced they would function as "independent" members of Commons, advocating a reconstructed "government of national union."

They were Edgar L. Granville, Sir John Henry Morris-Jones and Leslie Hore-Belisha, former War Secretary and ardent Churchill critic.

The three are seen as likely recruits for Sir Stafford Cripps, resigned ambassador to Russia. The "reddish" Cripps is now rumored as a not unlikely successor to Churchill if the loss of Malaya should cost the Prime Minister his post.

Last week British troops were still engaged in Libya and Singapore—about 100,000 at the most, not counting Australians, New Zealanders, Canadians, etc.

In Libya no glory was brought to Churchill, who was responsible for the campaign.

From Singapore few were able to retreat because there was no British navy to make possible another Dunkirk.

More than 2-million British troops are safe in England waiting for the Axis invasion.

The British navy is not in hiding but is accomplishing very little in stemming the advance of the Nipponese.

The British air force is occupied mostly in protecting England and in harrassing Axis depots in Europe, but it proved unequal to three enemy battleships in a Channel fog.

* * *

Australia:

Prime Minister Curtin has declared an economic emergency. Every Australian is in the war, on a war basis. All Australian wealth is in the war, on a war basis. No profits above a set maximum may be made by any person or corporation. Price-fixing for all commodities including labor, is the order of the day. No money can be expatriated even to England except for absolute war needs for Australia.

Meanwhile, Australian criticism of the Churchill government grew more bitter.

* * *

New Zealand:

A trickle of troops has arrived at Wellington, New Zealand, from America. Accompanying them, it is surmised, are fighter and bombing planes.

An all-out effort, probably, will be made to save Australia from this base. If this effort fails, the white man will be driven temporarily from the Orient.

* * *

Dutch East Indies:

The Dutch are insisting upon war materials to be delivered according to contract. They have bought and paid for them but cannot get delivery from America or Britain.

* * *

China:

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek paid a visit to India and its British viceroy. He also held conversations with the head of the Indian Congress Party formerly presided over by Mahatma Gandhi. According to reliable information, the Chinese are said to be accusing the Americans of being long on promises and short on performance. With the fall of Singapore, many Chinese foresee the closing of the Burma Road and a discontinuance of the flow of armaments to the Chinese forces.

* * *

India:

The Indians are vehemently demanding their national freedom from the British Empire. They want that same freedom enjoyed by Canada, Australia, South Africa and New Zealand.

While British parliamentarians agree that India should have freedom, they are inclined to postpone its being granted until some indefinite time after the war.

Possibly, the Indians will make a deal with Chiang Kai-Shek because both parties know there is little hope in the immediate future for a British victory in the Orient.

* * *

Soviet Union:

Here's the enigma: Have Americans, through newspaper headlines, been built up for a letdown? In other words, are the so-called victories partly the inventions of wish-thinkers?

Why hasn't the Soviet Union struck at Japan, less than 700 miles from Vladivostok?

What, if any, is the agreement existing between Tokyo and Moscow?

If Stalin's forces have been so successful in driving back the Nazis, why are Leningrad and Sevastopol still under siege?

Despite the publicity of tremendous successes, why is it that Nazi troops still hold nine-tenths of the Ukraine and practically four-fifths of the territory gained in last year's campaign?

These and other questions cannot be answered with any accuracy until Hitler's spring campaign gets under way.

* * *

Germany:

Local wish-thinkers have been warned by Britishers and local officials not to overemphasize the advertised Nazi reverses in eastern Europe.

Germany is in no imminent danger of cracking up from within. Her air force has been strengthened during the winter months. Her tanks have been multiplied. Her diplomatic front has been improved.

Is Hitler as much of an enigma as Stalin? Does he plan to strike through the Ukraine into the Middle East and through France and Spain into West Africa?

While both of these questions offer a possible affirmative answer, they cannot be answered before mid-April without hedging.

* * *

The Philippines:

The case for and against General MacArthur is practically established. This generation, and every generation of citizens throughout the world, must respect that hero and his troops as representatives of the finest fiber of manhood ever produced.

The miracle is that MacArthur stubbornly and courageously defied his enemy though he was outnumbered 10 to 1. His name is safe in the history books, come what may.

Against him operated not only the fanatical Japanese but also the incompetents at Washington. Had one-tenth the aid been sent to MacArthur that was bestowed upon Russia and England, the Japanese would have been ousted from the Philippines.

* * *

The United States:

Our country is still in the throes of "preparedness." We are still talking of defense. Long before we elected to become the "arsenal for democracy," we should have prepared ourselves against any repercussions which might have followed.

Our country is still inclined to fight the battle of the Atlantic and to regard Hitler as Enemy No. 1. Meanwhile, we have lost the battle of the Pacific—if not the war of the Pacific.

Representative Jesse P. Wolcott of Michigan, member of the House Banking and Currency Committee, charges that the United States lost eight of its nine capital ships at Pearl Harbor, together with 473 bombers, and that this fact *is being kept from the American people.*

Pressure is being put on Washington by the Dutch, Australians and Chinese, as well as by patriotic Americans, to have our Commander-in-Chief revise his decisions.

The Dutch maintain they are holding the South Pacific almost single-handedly and want some efficient aid.

The Australians plead with Washington for more consideration.

The Chinese argue for the saving of the Burma Road.

Pleadings, contentions and arguments appear to have little effect on the policy-makers at Washington who now find themselves in the possible position of being too late.

Meanwhile, the apathy of the American public perhaps is more marked today than it was before Pearl Harbor. It is an apathy attributable to many causes: To inefficiency in Government offices; to quarrelsomeness between labor and industry; to kow-towing to American Red sympathizers; to Mrs. Roosevelt and her petticoat government; to the mistreatment of small business men; to the disposition on the part of Government to build up morale through Hollywood tactics, comic strips and an unsold and unsalable policy of helping the United States by helping 2-million idle British soldiers.

Letters

Improve the Vacant Lots

TO THE EDITOR:

Does the "League for Human Rights," its director Miss Mayette, or Staff Writer Miller of the *Cleveland Press*, think they can silence principles by silencing men?

What is this "League"? What are its objectives? WHO are the men behind it? Wartime America needs to know.

The basis of Father Coughlin's discourses to bring about social justice in this country have been condensed by him into 16 stated principles which are published each week in SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine.

To date, no person in public or private life has ever publicly gone to the people with an argument against any one of these 16 points. Doesn't this appear at all significant to real Americans?

It is interesting to note that what is now referred to as Mr. Morgenthau's famous Cleveland speech, dealt exclusively with two of the 16 principles: Namely, abolition of tax exempt bonds, and broadening the base of taxation.

I am extremely suspicious of these "Leagues," societies and clubs that have nice altruistic names but which are, many of them, smoke screens for communistic activities.

People without God in their hearts remind me of vacant lots because their value is hidden by weeds or rubbish. Sometimes the weeds and rubbish are removed and a neat little house erected thereon. The unsightly scene is changed and we see a home, kiddies and, perhaps, a dog. You do not frown any more when you pass that lot.

What the home did to the vacant lot, God does to the hearts of men; He develops them.

Let us join in eliminating some of these unsightly vacant lots in our social life.

—L.M.G.

Cleveland, Ohio

'Red Decade'

TO THE EDITOR:

In a recent edition of one of our finest Christian monthly publications there appeared an article by Capt. Francis McCullagh, who recommends as "must" reading two of Eugene Lyons' books, "*Assignment in Utopia*" and his latest, "*The Red Decade.*"

The first is the story of a man making amends for being duped by the Communists of the Soviet. But, "*The Red Decade*" left me cold and disappointed. It seems to me that Mr. Lyons rejects Stalinistic Communism but it would appear that he still has his dream of Communism.

He also carries a large bucket of whitewash which he applies with practiced hand on various so-called important personages, Paul Muni, Mrs. Roosevelt, Leon Henderson, and so on. In his chapter relative to Spain he makes no bones about his deep devotion to the Loyalists, or of his abiding "peeve" against Franco.

My humble apologies to Capt. McCullagh but my poor intellect can only perceive Mr. Lyons as serving the same old Communism dressed up in a new sauce.

I wish other readers of SOCIAL JUSTICE would give us their impression of these widely advertised books.

—M.A.C.

San Francisco, Calif.

Sullivan vs. Cassidy

TO THE EDITOR:

With much regret and profound disgust I read in the New York newspapers that a Mr. Patrick H. Sullivan, assemblyman from Manhattan, sees fit to propose in the assembly at Albany that John F. Cassidy of Brooklyn be denied admission to the state bar.

While I am not fortunate enough to know Mr. John Cassidy of Brooklyn, I do come from the section of Manhattan that Mr. Sullivan comes from and where political patronage was solicited by him, and so I can write of him.

Mr. Sullivan has been for many years a hanger-on in an official capacity with the Monongahela Democratic Club in lower Harlem. This club, incidentally, was headed by Jimmy Hines, now in state's prison. Mr. Sullivan canvassed the humble homes of Irish longshoremen and others employed menially to get where he is today.

He toured almost nightly the beer taverns trying to drum up the good will of Irish, German and Italian laborers residing on Columbus Avenue. This Mr. Sullivan even used his influence to get men in prison reductions in their sentences; and in some cases some of the men he sponsored proved an annoyance to the neighborhood and police when liberty was again theirs.

Mr. Sullivan should have the decency never to attack any Irishman or his off-spring, to gain the political favors of that flagless element who, if it suited their purposes, would dethrone Mr. Sullivan as they did Mr. Hines.

It is disturbing to one of Irish extraction to read that a Sullivan attacks a Cassidy to curry favor with that questionable minority element so mightily powerful just now in New York and Washington political life.

—D.C.

Bronx, New York

Clergyman Suggests 'Catechism of Justice' to Guide Mankind

TO THE EDITOR:

I do sincerely hope and pray that, some day, someone in this wide world will undertake the job of defining what social justice is; of writing a clear, simple little catechism, covering the whole field of justice — particular, social, international and divine. Then we can teach it in every grammar school and every labor union of this nation.

The principles, we all know, are as clear as a bell and as evident as a time-table. We all know that we have been endowed by our Creator with certain inalienable rights"; and it is the *duty of the State* to protect all these rights — by its laws, and jails, its ambassadors and international courts.

The infallible "Supreme Court" established by Christ to define all these human rights is the Pope, the successor of Saint Peter.

"Rights," says Leo XIII, "must be religiously respected wherever they are found, and it is the duty of public authority to prevent and punish injury."

Again, he says: "The State must protect natural rights, not destroy them."

Pius XI said: "Society . . . cannot defraud man of his God-granted rights, the most important of which we have indicated above. Nor can society systematically void these rights by making their use impossible."

And, again, Leo XIII said: "Every precaution should be taken not to violate the rights of individuals under the pretense of public benefit; for laws only bind when they are in accordance with right reason and, therefore, the eternal law of God."

And St. Thomas said: "If any people has the right to provide a ruler for itself, it will not be acting unjustly if it strips him of his authority or places a check on his power when he abuses it tyrannically."

Someone ought to read all these encyclicals and jot down every one of all our natural rights and duties; define their meaning, their limitations; show how the Government's job is to secure these rights, protect them and punish injury, and how — since all rights and duties come from the moral law — the Holy Father must define all these rights as he said in "*Quadragesimo Anno*":

"It is *our right and our duty* to deal authoritatively with social and economic problems!"

If this book is ever written, please let me know.

I want to buy the first copy, even if it costs me $10!

—Rev. H.L.C.

Stafford Springs, Conn.

Rubber Report

TO THE EDITOR:

Your excellent editorial about the rubber "racket" of the international bankers, and their apparent conspiracy with various American administrations to have the United States refrain from acquiring and cultivating plantations in South America, Mexico or Central America, seems to be confirmed by most competent Government authority; namely, the "Special Agent of Forestry Bureau sent to investigate gutta-percha and rubber in the Straits Settlements, Java and Sumatra."

By sheer coincidence, I happened to step into a second hand store in a remote section of Milwaukee, and the first book I picked up was:

"*Annual Reports of the War Department for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1901.*

"*Report of the Philippine Commission, Washington, Government Printing Office, 1901.*

"*57th Congress, 1st Session, House of Representatives, Document No. 2.*"

The report under the first mentioned heading contained on page 336 the following paragraph:

"From a commercial standpoint South America produces the best rubber. The next best is probably from India, the Malay peninsula, and adjacent islands, though Mexico and Central America come very close to them. Africa, with her unknown species of trees and vines, promises to be one of the heaviest rubber-producing countries in the future."

This American expert opinion, presented in an official Government document of 40 years ago—in the face of our present national rubber famine in wartime — assumes the role of a most severe accusation and condemnation of all our administrations since that time as having been criminally and treacherously negligent.

—E.G.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

A Word for the Scotch

TO THE EDITOR:

I have been a reader of SOCIAL JUSTICE since the first copy was printed, and I haven't missed an edition yet.

I get a kick out of this so-called "anti-Semite" stuff that the Jewish press is always yelling about.

To my mind the "race" most persecuted is the Scotch. Notice in your newspaper and on the radio, in the street or at the factory, it is the Scotch who are plastered all over as being cheap and tight; and if you happen to be from that country, what a lacing you take and no let-up!

I know because, although I am of the Irish race, I was born in Scotland and I know the Scots to be a generous and kindly folk.

I think the Scotch have taken enough from these Jewish comedians. What do other readers think?

Philadelphia, Pa.

—H. P. O'B.

What Others Say

'Must Win War As Christians'

VICTORY in the war is a prerequisite for winning the peace, but something more than a military triumph is needed to make the ensuing peace an opportunity for producing a better world, one more in accord with God's purpose.

To do this *we must win the war as Christians.* War of itself tends to arouse just those evil passions and motives—that heresy that might is right, that nature gives to the strong a mandate to dictate to the weak—which we denounce in our enemies.

It would be of little avail to win a military victory in our struggle to preserve freedom and the democratic way of life if, in winning, we became infected with the germs of those moral diseases which have always proved destructive to liberty, peace and human well being.

—Right Rev. Henry St. George Tucker, Episcopal Bishop of New York

* * *

Our Rights and War

WE HAVE not surrendered . . . the right to criticize the Administration's conduct of the war, the right to tell the truth as we believe it about the war, which is, after all, the people's war because they will have to fight and pay for it; nor the right to say what we think about what is happening at the same time to the principles of free, representative, constitutional government, not necessarily on account of the war.

If we have not that right, if every American citizen has not that right, what are we fighting for?

Shall we take the four freedoms to the far corners of the earth, confer them upon other people, by force if necessary, and forget that they belonged first to us?

—*The Saturday Evening Post* (Dec. 20, 1941)

* * *

NOW we have an Executive war, not a national war. Thus, while we are going to make the world safe for democracy elsewhere, we are proceeding rapidly to make it unsafe at home. Democracy has quit. Indeed, it has been sick and dying for four or five years!

—Senator Millard Tydings of Maryland

* * *

Regimentation

BEGINNING February 16, more than 2-million British women, 20 to 31 years old, will be forbidden to accept or change jobs of any sort except through the Ministry of Labor employment bureau. This is the effect of a new regulation, which also bars employers from advertising vacancies or employing women, except through official channels.

—*Chicago Daily Tribune* (Jan. 24)

* * *

I PROPHESY that Adolf Hitler, who thinks himself so tough, will beg Mr. Roosevelt to pull Stalin and Churchill off him when the end comes.

—Westbrook Pegler

Our Useless Gold

WHEN THIS nation was busy acquiring a major part of the world monetary gold, as a part of New Deal monetary policy, one of the defenses frequently heard of it was that this gold would be useful in time of war, that the nation which had the gold would have easy access to critical and strategic materials and would thus occupy an advantageous military position.

Since we emerged, however, upon the re-armament program in 1940 there has been no suggestion whatever that these billions of yellow metal in the Kentucky hills would in any wise be useful for national defense.

. . . Curiously, no one is saying that the billions of gold will operate as a brake on inflation, or even facilitate the process of reconstruction when the war is over.

—*Cleveland Plain Dealer* (Jan. 24)

* * *

Butchers' Counsel

THE IRISH peasantry were being grievously rack-rented by their hoggish landlords, and O'Connell, the great Irish tribune, instituted a tremendous agitation for redress. So a commission was appointed to look into the grievances of the Irish peasants; a commission composed altogether of landlords!

Whereupon O'Connell roared: "You might as well consult butchers about keeping Lent as that commission of landlords about the rights and wrongs of their rack-rented tenants."

The preposterous commission blasted by O'Connell is precisely the sort that investigated Pearl Harbor. In that disaster the Administration was under fire, and the Administration appoints its own commission to investigate itself.

Why, it is preposterous!

Of course, another branch of Government like the Legislative should investigate that series of disasters beginning at Pearl Harbor. Those disasters certainly need investigating.

Had the Philippines been properly defended, the Japs never would have struck. Had a fifth of the munitions and forces been sent to the Philippines that were sent around the world, the yellow wolves never would have attacked.

There has been altogether too much British Empire first and U.S.S.R. second and America LAST, and too little America FIRST.

—The *Witness* of Dubuque, Iowa

* * *

Press, People's Liberty

THERE are men in high places in Washington who would like to see the Government-controlled newspaper. There are members of our growing bureaucracy who could immeasurably increase their opportunity to regulate, regiment and destroy in the muddy and bewildering darkness of censorship.

If general censorship ever comes to the American newspapers, the effect in intrinsic damage to the newspapers will be infinitesimally small in comparison with the paralyzing blight it will put upon the liberties of the people.

—Grove Patterson, Editor *Toledo Blade*

What Would YOU Do?

IF YOU were a Congressman and the folks back home who elected you, and whom you are supposed to represent, advised you after Pearl Harbor that you should give 100 per cent support to President Roosevelt and his Administration, and you knew that much of the money for which he asked would be wasted—what would you do?

My criticism of such expenditures has been called "petty." Am I to continue to vote for the appropriation of billions of dollars when I know that much of it is being diverted from the purpose for which it was supposed to be used?

As your Representative, am I to remain silent when I see hundreds of thousands—yes, millions — of dollars being wasted? There would be less uneasiness in my mind when voting appropriations, if there were some assurance that the money would be properly spent.

—Representative Clare Hoffman of Michigan

* * *

Dissenting Opinion

JUDGES as persons, or courts as institutions, are entitled to no greater immunity from criticism than other persons or institutions. Just because the holders of judicial office are identified with the interests of justice they may forget their common human frailties and fallibilities.

There have sometimes been martinets upon the bench as there have also been pompous wielders of authority who have used the paraphernalia of power in support of what they called their dignity. Therefore, judges must be kept mindful of their limitations and their ultimate public responsibility by a vigorous stream of criticism expressed with candor, however blunt . . .

Comment, however forthright, is one thing. Intimidation with respect to specific matters still in judicial suspense, quite another. A publication intended to teach the judge a lesson, or to vent spleen, or to discredit him, or to influence his future conduct, would not justify exercise of the contempt power.

—Associate Justice Frankfurter, Dissenting in *Los Angeles Times* Case

* * *

Man Free to Serve God

IF DENIED right of choice, human beings are slaves or machines.

With choice — political, economic, spiritual—they are men.

Free to choose, if they will, to work with God for a world on the march.

—Alice Thatcher Post

* * *

EVEN Mrs. Roosevelt's blond dancing girl at a salary of $4,600 a year probably is less costly to the American taxpayer than certain National Defense business advisors who opposed setting up tin smelters in the United States — and, later, were found to have been close to the British tin monopoly!

—Washington Merry-go-Round

* * *

IF WE win (the war), the wealth and resources of this country will still be here; and if we lose, whether the debt is $100-billion or $500-billion is unimportant.

—Daniel W. Bell, Under-Secretary of the Treasury

Comment

The 'Jewish Review' Asks for a Fight —And Here It Is

THE January 29th issue of the *Jewish Review* is definitely asking for a fight.

This un-American publication, which out-Hitlers Hitler in its demands to suppress free speech and free press, is identified with those persons who contributed in no small degree to ostracizing Father Coughlin from the air.

It is also identified with many of those persons who uphold Communism, who supported Communistic organizations, and who refused to condemn the Soviet government's butchery of millions of God-fearing Christians.

It is the same publication which is related to many Americans notorious for their warmongering long before Pearl Harbor.

Here is the January 29th front-page article which "Urges Suppression of Coughlin's 'Social Justice' Which Is Spreading Nazi Propaganda In U.S.":

"Although the United States is at war, tens of thousands of American citizens are receiving each week a magazine filled with treasonable propaganda. The magazine is published in Royal Oak, Michigan, under the supervision of Father Charles E. Coughlin. Its name is SOCIAL JUSTICE.

"This publication is conducting a vigorous campaign to hamper the war effort of this country by undermining confidence in the Administration, stirring up animosity against those nations allied with the United States, and fomenting disunity among the American people.

"Every propaganda device which may possibly aid the enemies of this nation is being employed by Father Coughlin's magazine. The Axis powers have reason to consider SOCIAL JUSTICE as their most valuable Fifth Column agency in the United States.

"We stated in the Unamerican Page recently that Father Charles E. Coughlin . . . reliable barometer of native Fascist trends, summarizes the new Fifth Column line in the current issues of his publication, SOCIAL JUSTICE. The December 22, 1941, issue, attacks the Administration for inefficiency and lack of preparedness; describes Great Britain as a country whose aims are identical to those of Japan; and pictures the failure of the Soviet Union to launch an immediate attack upon Tokyo as a deliberate betrayal of the anti-Axis forces. In the December 29, 1941, issue of SOCIAL JUSTICE, the Fascist priest, inferring that the control of the government had fallen into the hands of Jews, viciously assails the wartime leadership of this country.

"In subsequent issues, Coughlin has intensified his attacks on the Administration and the anti-Axis powers. Every page in the two latest issues might have emanated from the Nazi Propaganda Ministry. A typical article in the January 19 issue, entitled 'God vs. Hitler,' challenges President Roosevelt's right to say, 'The world is too small to provide adequate living space for both Hitler and God.' Claiming that the cause of the Allies is no more moral than that of the Nazis, Coughlin declares:

" 'Have the Allies been the defenders of justice in fact, as well as in theory? Remember Versailles.

" 'Have the Allies been exceptional in furthering the virtues of the home? Remember our divorce courts, our legalized birth prevention.

" 'Have the Allies been more solicitous for the things of God than for the things of man? Remember the Russian Revolution and the calf of gold we built for ourselves.'

"Another article, called 'Battle of Singapore Important to Bankers,' characterizes the defense of Singapore as important only to British and American bankers:

" 'Very few Americans realize that the battle to preserve the Malayan Peninsula and Singapore is of vital interest to certain international bankers in the United States. If Singapore is lost, they lose. If Singapore is won, they can continue exploiting the Malayans.

" 'This Malayan fight is not just another battle in a World War to the Kuhn, Loeb crowd. It is a battle for their investments in the Malayan and Far East section.

" 'Billions of American dollars will be spent to preserve these privately-owned investments. Hundreds of thousands of American and English boys, possibly, will sacrifice their lives to save Malaya—and incidentally to preserve the investments from which profits are wrenched from the natives of Malaya to swell the purses of the international bankers.'

"The three banner headlines on the front of the January 26 issue are indicative of its entire contents. They read: 'British Rubber Racket Exposed,' 'Jews Seek Funds to Build Separate International Army,' and 'War Policies Endanger Free American System.'

"With the country at war, Father Coughlin's insidious pro-Nazi publication constitutes a greater danger than ever before to the American people. For this reason, it is urged that SOCIAL JUSTICE be immediately suppressed and its files seized by the Department of Justice."

* * *

We ask the *Jewish Review* and the American people these simple questions:

Are any of the so-called Coughlinites responsible for the bungling which characterizes Washington?

Are any of the so-called Coughlinites leaders in labor unions which perpetrate strikes in the midst of war?

Are any of the so-called Coughlinites responsible for General MacArthur's plight in the Philippines?

Are any of the so-called Coughlinites guilty of under-estimating the striking power of the Japanese?

Are any of the so-called Coughlinites guilty of upholding the left arm of Hitler and the right arm of Stalin?

And last, can the *Jewish Review* prove its libelous attempt at assassinating Father Coughlin's character when its editors say that, "under the supervision of Father Charles E. Coughlin, SOCIAL JUSTICE is a magazine filled with treasonable propaganda?"

To let all America know what infamous butcher-dogs of truth these Jewish editors are, Social Justice Publishing Company publicly pledges to give them $25,000 in cash to use in furthering their damnable propaganda, or to use in whatsoever way they please, if they can prove the charge quoted above.

Unless these editors referred to are abominable cowards, let them accept this offer or be known to the public for what they are.

Mr. Morgenthau's Son

HENRY MORGENTHAU, III, 25 years old, is the eldest son of the Secretary of the Treasury. Recently he was appointed a housing specialist in the division of housing co-ordination, Office of Emergency Management.

He will be stationed in Cleveland where he has been connected with the Cleveland Metropolitan Housing Authority.

Here is hoping Mr. Morgenthau, III, will be able to serve his country gallantly in this stay-at-home job.

Indispensable Hollywood!

MOTION PICTURE actors, directors, writers and technicians may now apply for draft deferment as workers in an "essential industry."

Brig. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, Selective Service director, has ruled that the motion picture industry is "essential in certain instances to the national health, safety and interest and in other instances to war production."

This is an innovation of World War II in the United States. The manufacture of motion pictures was not "essential" to the conduct or winning of World War I; and it is not regarded as "essential" in England now.

Mr. William A. Brady, veteran theatrical producer who once produced motion pictures himself in the days of the silent movies, takes issue with General Hershey's ruling.

He said, according to the United Press, "I don't think either screen people or theater people can be termed essential. They weren't in the first World War, nor have they been in England."

The difference, of course, lies in who is in the show business.

There is no discounting the value of motion pictures or their "essential" character in a nation as movie-minded as America. The "catch," of course, comes in who is "indispensable" to the industry.

If you're right—or should one say "left"?—you can be certified as irreplaceable, even though you are some menial technician or even a screen writer; if you're "wrong," from the studio standpoint, you would not be essential even though a top-ranking star.

Instructions have been sent to California draft officials to defer "actors, directors, writers, producers, cameramen, sound engineers and other technicians" *who cannot be replaced.*

* * *

George J. Schaefer, war activities chairman, insists that the industry will not seek any blanket deferments, but will only apply for "the retention of indispensable individuals from time to time."

Each case, he added, will be decided on its individual merits by the local draft boards. In other words, it will depend largely on who's on the draft board.

One wonders whether Melvyn Douglas, and the rest of red Hollywood who went all-out for Communism and the Spanish Loyalists, would be considered irreplaceable by their studios.

Comment

What Singapore's Fall Means to Americans

(Continued from Page 5)

If Singapore has any significance to Americans it will teach us the lesson impressed upon the Australians and Canadians who, over night, have become nationalists.

As yet we Americans are far from being nationalists. Unfortunately, we are divided on 100 fronts. Our disastrous division is referred to by Government officials as apathy. Our President pleads with us to become realists.

What are the causes of our division?

What is the cause of our apathy?

Why are we not realists?

Contributing to the common answer of these questions are the following observations:

(1) This nation has not been persuaded fully that the policy of all aid to Britain is a sound policy because the British Empire itself is not dedicated to an all aid to Britain policy.

(2) This nation is not convinced of Britain's sincerity in behalf of democracy in the face of her flagrant injustice to India and Ireland.

(3) This nation is not sure of the righteousness of our attitude toward Soviet Russia and to the Communists dwelling in our midst and holding high positions in Government.

(4) This nation is still suffering from unsettled quarrels between labor and capital.

(5) This nation is disgusted with the bungling which characterizes its Capital.

(6) This nation is benumbed with the racial favoritism manifested by Government as is evidenced in the corridors of every department at Washington; as is evidenced by the proposed exemption of the motion picture industry from military service.

The above are some of the causes of our apathy, of our lack of realism. These causes must be eradicated lest the entire significance of Singapore will dawn upon us only when it is too late.

* * *

The editors of SOCIAL JUSTICE are just as American—if not more so—as our critics whose policies to date have been responsible for Pearl Harbor, for the desertion of MacArthur and his heroes, and for the incomprehensible mismanagement which characterizes our Government. Therefore, we propose:

(1) The immediate conscription of all men employed in the munition, armament, aircraft, mining, transportation, steel and shipbuilding industries.

(2) A blackout of all labor unions and labor leaders for the duration.

(3) Handing over the total defense and offense policies to a board composed solely of Army, Navy, and Air Force officers appointed by the Congress of the United States.

(4) The retirement of all bungling politicians from all offices concerned with the top direction of our national war effort.

(5) An adequate home force of airplanes, of submarines, of anti-aircraft guns for the United States of America before one airplane, submarine, or gun is sent abroad to any ally or supposed ally.

(6) The immediate construction of adequate defenses from Alaska to Panama; from Newfoundland to Venezuela.

(7) The appointment of J. Edgar Hoover to have complete control over the execution of all civilian operations — Federal, state, county and municipal governmental activities — including the Office of Civilian Defense.

Let us be realists. The British Empire is crumbling before our eyes. The forces of the world are amalgamating against America.

Now is the time to unite our forces on the principle of America for Americans—cost what it may.

Chicago Tribune Guilty of Treason?

(Continued from Page 4)

country shouting for blood. He was no war-monger.

> It is a striking fact, which at this moment cannot be forgotten, that it is men like Graff who are facing the enemy today, risking their lives for their flag, while the war-mongers remain comfortably and happily in places of security. It is time that those who willed the war were driven from their hiding places and sent to the front where they can share some of the agony they have created.
>
> Richard Graff was not afraid to face privation, suffering, and death. He was no night club hero. A volunteer, he sought no comfortable berth as a navy press agent on Broadway or as a state department cooky pusher in Washington. He played a man's part. Let the others dare as he did, or live and die in disgrace.

* * *

There are some Congressmen and many purblind patrioteers who would have America follow the same course pursued by France before her fall. In that unfortunate country radicals rose to power, seizing worthwhile office in government and browbeating into silence practically every journalistic effort to expose the moral and national sabotage which prepared the French army and the French people for defeat.

That must not happen in America. It is our duty to be supreme patriots in this hour of trial even at the cost of unveiling to public view the Leon Blums in our midst.

Some day when our soldier boys return they will drag from their hiding places the connivers, deceivers, plotters and collaborators to mete out to them their just rewards. The longer we wait for that day, the severer will be the repercussions.

Incidentally, Mr. Thomas Dewey, Lincoln Day speaker for the Republican Party, assailed SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine in a national broadcast because its editors refuse to applaud bungling; because its editors refuse to identify black as white.

Perhaps only because Mr. Dewey is an attorney did he refrain from using the word, "treason," in referring to this national publication.

There is something back of these McKeough and Dewey attacks against the *Chicago Tribune* and SOCIAL JUSTICE Magazine — something other than patriotic fervor. Possibly, the radicals who war-mongered long before Pearl Harbor fear that their house of cards will flutter to the earth, concealing them beneath its wreckage; fear that those who called the turn on them since 1936, particularly, will be vindicated.

Premier Hepburn Warns of Yellow-White Race War

CORROBORATING the SOCIAL JUSTICE story wherein we indicated the possibility of a yellow-white race war, Premier Mitchell Hepburn of Ontario, said recently:

> They (the Japanese) are better prepared now than they were two months ago when they attacked Pearl Harbor. They have taken areas of vast productive importance. Moreover, Japan may have demonstrated her power sufficiently to bring the hungry Chinese into a war against the white race.

Commenting upon the American Navy the Ontario Government head said:

> Today we cannot send a battleship into the Pacific. The proud United States fleet is in hiding. The Japs have struck in the dark, and now they have naval superiority in the Pacific.

He added that the Japanese have six battleships that can out-shoot ours by three to five miles.

Perhaps Mr. Hepburn was guilty of telling tales out of school. Nevertheless, he is in a position to know what he is talking about.

His remarks were not pleasing to Prime Minister Mackenzie King's Liberal party. The United States was hastily assured that Mr. Hepburn "did not speak for the Canadian government."

Incidentally Mr. Hepburn favors conscription as a defense measure against a possible Japanese invasion — not for foreign service.

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YES, we need help—help in keeping all our readers supplied with SOCIAL JUSTICE every week. This task requires hundreds of distributors. We have hundreds. But we need more because the demand for our magazine is increasing rapidly.

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NATIONAL WEEKLY
Social Justice
Founded 1936 by Father Coughlin

Have the Reds Got Us?

TOO MANY of us do not realize that the Marxists' greatest victory, to date, has been won not in Europe nor in Asia but at the city of Washington, D. C.

There our preparedness has been sabotaged.

There our morale has been beaten into the mud.

There our spirit has been crushed.

There the enemy is preparing for the final blow.

* * *

We contend that Moscow and Tokyo are operating under a secret alliance.

We contend that the German retreat and the Soviet winter victory are a twin hoax designed to deceive us.

We have come to the conclusion that the Communists in America are working hand-in-glove with Moscow, Tokyo and Berlin—else the national apathy, the national unpreparedness and the national dissipation of men, munitions, armaments and money over the face of the earth are inexplicable.

Was Pearl Harbor an accident?

Was the scuttling of the Normandie an accident?

Was the diabolical program of governmental muddling an accident?

Or was all this planned that way – planned from within; planned by men who prated of democracy while blueprinting chaos; planned by radicals who love Moscow and hate Washington; planned by international wolves dressed up in the sheep's clothing of patriotism; planned by the Father of Lies whose offspring are grooved in his identical mentality?

This is no time to spread the poison of fear.

This is the time to rip the red bandage of practiced deceit from our eyes.

Why is there an impending shortage of oil? Because it was planned?

Why is there a shortage of tin? Because it was planned?

Why is there a shortage of steel? Because it was planned?

Why is there a shortage of rubber? Because it was planned?

Why is there a lack of unity between labor and industry? Because it was planned?

Why is there a lack of national defense in airplanes, submarines, destroyers? Because it was planned?

Why is there a lack of national spirit? Because it was planned?

Were all these things planned by Satanic saboteurs —even down to the details of assassinating public confidence through the appropriation of funds for strip-tease dancers, obsoleted Congressmen and public officials—in the face of a national emergency that cries for national sacrifice?

* * *

While the heroic MacArthur and his immortal band are left forelorn to die or surrender on the peninsula of Bataan, have we civilians been foresaken to die or surrender in our homeland?

Unbelievable as it is, there appears to be a plot hatched in Moscow, blessed in Berlin, grinned at in Tokyo and executed in Washington to defeat the United States of America from within.

The sooner Americans rise in their wrath and demand the expulsion of Communists and Communist-lovers from Washington—yea, demand their incarceration in concentration camps—the sooner victory will be ours—but not until then.

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